The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXVII. NO. 34. GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, JULY 17, 1867. WHOLE NO. 3466.

[illegible] PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,
Baltimore street, between the Court-house and Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Wednesday afternoon, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞ The circulation of THE STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms, CASH.

Professional Cards, &c.

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. [May 29, 1867.

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.
Reference.—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa.
May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞ Office at his residence in the three story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.
R. G. McCREARY,
May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

D. McCONAUGHY, *Attorney and Counselor at Law, and Claim Agent.* Office on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, one door west of Buehler's Drug Store.
During the session of the Senate he will attend at his office on Saturdays, and has also made arrangements that his clients and their business will at all times receive prompt attention. May 29, 1867.

SAMUEL D. SCHMUCKER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
No. 48 Lexington st., Baltimore, Md.
Will give prompt attention to all Professional matters, as well as loans collections and investments.
April 18, 1867.—6m

J. P. CLARKSON. C. VAN SCHAACK.
CLARKSON & VAN SCHAACK,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
No. 82 Dearborn Street,
P. O. Box, 711. CHICAGO, ILL.
☞ Refer to the Editors of the "Star & Sentinel."
Nov. 1, 1866.—1y

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL
Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

DR. COOK,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
Having permanently located in Hanover, Pa., respectfully offers his professional services to the public. Special attention given to diseases of women and children.

REFERENCES.
Prof. Ad. Lippe, M. D., Philadelphia,
" J. C. Morgan, M. D., "
Wm. H. Cook, M. D., Carlisle, Pa.,
Hon. Edward McPherson, Gettysburg, Pa.,
David Wills, Esq.,
Rev. J. A. Ross, Hanover, Pa.
☞ Office on the Square, five doors west of Carlisle st., second door from Central Hotel. [May 29, 1867.—1y

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the provinces of this Dentist.—Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call.
May 29, 1867.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond next door to McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call.
May 29, 1867.

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's License, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the
WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING OF SALES, &C.
Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address, Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa. J. S. WITHEROW.
May 29, 1867.—1y

OH! YES! OH! YES!
THE undersigned having taken out an Auctioneer's License, offers his services to the public, and would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to attend promptly to all business in this line. By strict attention to business he hopes to render entire satisfaction. ☞ Charges will be very moderate, and satisfaction guarantied in all cases. Address—
HIRAM ALBERT,
Clearspring, York Co. Pa.
May 29, 1867.—tf

Photograph Galleries.

WE are always glad to see our friends at the Excelsior Gallery, it still stands in the same old place opposite the Bank on York st., Gettysburg, Pa. C. J. TYSON.

PHOTO MINIATURES at the Excelsior Gallery are superb and are furnished at one-third city prices. Call and examine specimens.
C. J. TYSON.

EXCELSIOR is our motto. To please our aim! and to render satisfaction in every instance our determination. C. J. TYSON.

CONSTANTLY on hand an assortment of fine Frames, Photograph Albums, Cards and Baskets for grasses, from the Battle-field, Photographs of our Generals, and other distinguished individuals, at the Excelsior Gallery. C. J. TYSON.

THE best Photographs made in this County are made at the Excelsior Gallery, Gettysburg, opposite the old Bank. C. J. TYSON.

BY all means have your Photographs made at the Excelsior Gallery if you desire them perfect. C. J. TYSON.

LARGE VIEWS of the Battle-field, singly or in sets, very low; also Stereoscopic Views in the Battle-field, at the Excelsior Gallery. Do not fail see to them. C. J. TYSON.

FRAMES OF EVERY KIND, for Large Pictures, Marriage Certificates, Church Certificates, Missionary Certificates, &c., very cheap at
S. G. SHEAFFER'S
New Gallery, Hanover, Pa.
June 5, 1867.—1y

REMOVAL!
THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies, has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else,
LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,
of every size and description, executed in the finest style particular attention given to the CARTE-DE VISITE, and in copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—
THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,
a new style of picture which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience. SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURES, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.
We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in
GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION.
Our facilities for a full display of our skill are unequaled by any other Gallery in the County, and we would therefore invite every one to call at the
NEW GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.
Call and examine our Specimens and judge for yourselves. LEVI MUMPER.
June 21, 1866.

J. GURNEY & SON,
PHOTOGRAPH ARTISTS,
707 Broadway, New York.
In addition to our PHOTOGRAPHIC ART GALLERY, established 1840. We have for the last five years had advantages superior to any other establishment in obtaining sittings from life, of all the PROMINENT CELEBRITIES of the day in CARD PORTRAITS, and are now publishing a Catalogue of over 2500 SUBJECTS, AMERICAN AND FOREIGN; also a large list of Copies of
WORKS OF ART AND ENGRAVINGS.
Such as the Right Rev. Bishops of the Episcopal church, the Catholic Clergy, and the Clergy of all denominations, all prominent officers of the Army, Navy and Confederate States, Actors and Actresses, Professional Billiard Players, Foreign celebrities, Pictures from Statuary, male and female.
Catalogues sent on receipt of Stamp.
An order for one dozen pictures from our Catalogue will be filled at $1.80, and sent by mail free. Single Pictures 25 cents each, copies of engravings 15 cents each.
N. B. We also desire to call attention to the advantage we have for reproducing, or copying, Old Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, Card Pictures, &c., of
DECEASED RELATIVES AND FRIENDS,
enlarging them to any size, and finishing in Oil, Water Colors, or India Ink, with the aid of
TEN TALENTED ARTISTS.
Parties desiring copies, should therefore correspond with us direct.
SEND FOR A CATALOGUE.
The Trade Supplied at a Liberal Discount.
GALLERY OPEN FOR FREE INSPECTION,
and strangers visiting the City, will find our Gallery one of the most agreeable places in the City, wherein to while away an hour.
J. GURNEY & SON,
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
707 Broadway, N. Y.
Oct. 4, 1866.—$24

Groceries.

M'CURDY & HAMILTON,
DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &C.

THE undersigned are paying at their Ware-house, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for
FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY-SEEDS, POTATOES, &C., &C.,
and invite producers to give them a call before selling.
They have constantly on hand for sale,
A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,
Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt, Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. They likewise have
SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,
Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A A Mexican Guano.
Whilst they pay the highest market prices for all they buy, they sell at the lowest living profits. They ask a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.
ROBERT McCURDY,
WM. S. HAMILTON.
July 3, 1867.—tf

SWAN'S GROCERY.
JOHN SWAN
Has just received a splendid assortment of FRESH GROCERIES, at his Store on the corner of the public Square, in Gettysburg.
SUGARS.
The finest lot of Sugars ever brought to Gettysburg, and very cheap.
COFFEE.
His Coffee is superior to any offered in the place. If you don't believe it come and see.
MOLASSES.
If you want the best Syrups and Molasses in town you will find them at Swan's.
QUEENSWARE, &c.
His stock of Queensware, Dishes, Lamps, &c., is full cheap and good. Every style and price.
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
His Cigars and Tobacco are of superior quality. Acknowledged by good judges to be the best in the market.
CANDIES AND NOTIONS.
Particular attention paid to this department. A full supply of Candies, Nuts, Fruit, Soaps, Fancy articles, in short any and everything usually found in a first class Grocery. In laying in my stock I was careful to know what I was buying, and am now prepared to sell not only GOOD Groceries, but to sell them very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.
May 29 1866. JOHN M. SWAN.

WM. BOYER & SON,
KEEP constantly on hand a splendid assortment of
Coffee,
Sugar, Tea, Syrups,
Spices, Fish, Bacon, Salt, Notions,
Tobacco, Cigars, Confections,
and everything connected with a Family Grocery. We will always keep up a full supply of goods and sell them at prices which cannot fail to please. Call and see us at our stand in York street, opposite the Bank of Gettysburg. ☞ All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.
May 29, 1865.

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.
HENRY OVERDEER.
On the Hill in Baltimore st., Gettysburg, Pa.
HAS made arrangements to get fresh supplies every week from the City and is determined to sell cheap. He invites all to give them a call, his stock consists of Groceries, Notions, Flour, Corn Meal, Chopped Feed, Corn, Oats, Fish, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, Sugar, Coffees, Teas, Syrup, Molasses, Candles, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, Tar, Best Cider, Vinegar, and a great variety of Notions, Candies, &c., &c.
☞ The cash or trade will be given for County Produce such as Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Rags, &c. [May 29, 1867.—tf

NEW GROCERY STORE
TELL EVERYBODY YOU SEE THAT
GILBERT,
JUST above the Court-House, and opposite the *Compiler* Office, will sell you everything in the GROCERY AND PROVISION Line cheaper than you can get it elsewhere.
Sugars, Coffees, Molasses,
Candles, Coal Oil, Syrups, Brooms,
Buckets, Tubs, Tobacco, Cigars,
Notions of all kinds, HAM, FISH, OYSTERS, VEGETABLES, always on hand. Give me a call, as I am determined to accommodate. BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of Country Produce taken, for which the highest cash price will be given. Don't forget the place—two doors above the Court-House. Don't pass without calling, as I solicit your patronage.
May 29.—tf

Important
TO ALL PERSONS!
HENDRICKS & WARREN have purchased the Store situated on York street, two doors east of Wolf's Hotel, formerly occupied by J. A. Grimes, and latterly by G. H. Swope, where they will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of
GROCERIES.
including Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Bacon, Flour, Feed, Rice, Potatoes, Salt, Tobacco, &c., with every article to be found in a first-class Grocery. Also CONFECTIONS, NOTIONS and FANCY ARTICLES.
They hope to receive a share of public patronage, and earnestly solicit a continuance of the custom heretofore given to the establishment.
JOHN HENDRICKS,
HIRAM WARREN.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

New Grocery, and Flour Store.
MEALS & BROTHER,
HAVING opened a Grocery, Flour and Vegetable Store, in the Room formerly occupied by Geo. Little, on West Middle street, they extend an invitation to all buyers to give them a call.—Everything in their line, fresh from the city and country, will be kept on hand. They are determined to sell, as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. MEALS & BRO.
May 29, 1866.

Grocery & Liquor Store.
A LARGE assortment of fine
GROCERIES,
Teas, Coffees, White Sugars of all kinds, and Brown Sugars, cheap, prime new crop Orleans Molasses, and all grades of Syrups; MESS MACKEREL, best in market.—All kinds of
LIQUORS,
wholesale and retail, prime Wine, Brandy, Rye Whisky &c., for medicinal and other purposes, in any quantity.
☞ B. Mishler's Herb Bitters, and the "Great Zingari Bitters." WM. J. MARTIN,
May 29, 1867.—tf Baltimore st., Gettysburg.

COAL and FISH OIL of the best quality for sale by WM. BOYER & SON

FRESH supply of Groceries, Notions, Tobaccos, &c., constantly receiving and for sale b WM. BOYER & SON,

GRAIN AND GROCERIES.—The highest Market price paid for Grain and all kinds of Produce. Groceries, Fertilizers, &c., constantly on hand for sale at the Ware-House of
Aug. 9 1866. CULP & EARNSHAW,

Hotel and Restaurants.

KEYSTONE HOTEL,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.
NOW OPEN.
THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage. [May 29, 1867.

EAGLE HOTEL.
The largest and most commodious in
GETTYSBURG, PENNA.
CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG AND WASHINGTON STREETS,
JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.
☞ An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains. Careful servants, and reasonable charges.
May 29, 1867.—tf

NATIONAL HOTEL,
CASHTOWN, PA.
E. P. KITTINGER, PROPRIETOR.
HAVING leased, the above well-known House, and having thoroughly refurnished it, he is now prepared to entertain his friends and the public. The Cashtown Springs (connected with this House,) have also been re-fitted, and persons desiring to spend a few weeks or months in a healthy neighborhood, can find no more attractive place. Large Stabling, accommodations, and the best of Liquors and Wines. Charges reasonable.
[illegible]
Cashtown, Pa., June 19, 1867.—3m*

Carriages, Harness, &c.

NEW FIRM!
AT THE OLD STAND.
[ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]
I have associated with me, in business, my son, JOHN F. McCREARY, under the firm and style of D. McCREARY & SON, and I desire to say to my old friends and the public generally that, since the war, the manufacture of Saddles, Harness, Collars, &c., has been revived at the old established and well known stand on Baltimore Street, one square south of the Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.
Having had an experience of 40 years in this establishment, I feel assured, that, with renewed attention to business, we can still further merit and receive a full share of public patronage.
Feb. 1, 1866. DAVID McCREARY.

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Horn Saddles,	Side Leathers, Hames, all kinds, with or without fastenings,
Plain or Quilted Seat no Horn,	Housings,
Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,	Scotch Collars (leather), " " (ticking),
Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths	No Seam Collars,
Wagon Saddles,	Best Welt Harness Collars,
Riding Bridles, of all kinds, fair or black, rounded or flat,	Patent Leather Collars, stitched or unstitched,
Martingales,	Best Leather Wagon Whips, 4, 4½, and 5 feet long,
Carriage Harness, all styles, silver or black mounted,	Plaited Team Whips, Trotting Whips,
Heavy Draft Harness,	Ladies' Riding Twigs,
Blind Bridles,	Whip lashes,
Girths,	Horse Blankets, &c., &c.
Cruppers,	

In short, everything that pertains to a first class general horse furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material, and by the most experienced workmen in the country, (two having worked in this establishment for the last thirty years.)
We are now manufacturing an excellent lot of Heavy Draft and Harness Collars for those who prefer our own, to city made work.
Repairing of all kinds done at short notice and on reasonable terms.
All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves as our work cannot fail to recommend itself.
Feb. 1, 1866—tf. DAVID McCREARY & SON.

NEW SADDLER SHOP.
ON "the Hill," Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.—Constantly on hand, or made to order, all kinds of
RIDING SADDLES,
WAGON SADDLES,
CARRIAGE HARNESS,
DRAUGHT HARNESS,
RIDING BRIDLES,
BLIND BRIDLES,
COLLARS,
FLY NETS, &c.
as low as the lowest.
May 29, 1867.—tf. J. M. ROWE.

CARRIAGE-MAKING RESUMED.
The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the
CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,
at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,
on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.
☞ REPAIRING ☜
done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.
A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.
Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.
May 29.—tf DANNER & ZIEGLER

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.
TATE & CULP
Are now building a variety of COACH WORK of the latest and most approved styles, and constructed of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care, and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any other in or out of the cities. All we ask is an inspection of our work, to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.
☞ REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Give us a call at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg, Pa.
June 12, 1867.—tf

Forge and Foundry.

IRON—IRON—IRON!
GETTYSBURG FORGE
THE subscribers respectfully inform the Public that they have erected a Forge in connection with their steam Mill, and are now manufacturing
Forge-Hammered Iron,
such as Plough, Horse-shoe and Bar Iron, and respectfully invite Blacksmiths and Dealers to give them a call, feeling satisfied that they will be able to please as to quality, finish and price.
BRINGMAN & WARREN.
N. B. The highest market price paid for wrought-scrap Iron. B. & W.
Dec. 13, 1866.

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.
THE subscriber would inform his customers and others that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as
THRESHERS AND POWERS.
(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters, Ploughs, such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Side-hill and Corn Ploughs; the
WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,
the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses, Iron Railing for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.
FOR SALE—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, all new. DAVID STERNER.
May 29.—tf

Books, Drugs, Medicines, &c.

DR. R. HORNER'S
DRUGS, STATIONERY AND NOTIONS,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
His own preparations are all guarantied to answer the purposes intended.

Dr. R. Horner's Anti-Cholera and Diarrhœa mixture, for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

Olein for Chapped Hands.

Fragrant Myrrh, for preserving and beautifying the teeth, and for all diseases of the gums.

His Tonic and Alterative Powders, for Horses and Cattle, are superior to any in the market.

Pure Liquors for medical use. Prescriptions carefully filled.

Medical advice without charge.
June 5, 1867.—tf

Drugs and Medicines.
FORNEY'S OLD STAND.
THE undersigned having taken charge of this old and popular Store, takes pleasure in informing the public that he is constantly receiving fresh supplies of all kinds of DRUGS AND MEDICINES, from the most reliable houses, and is prepared to accommodate his customers with any article in his line.
FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
of every description, all the popular PATENT MEDICINES of the day, with a full supply of chemicals, Perfumery, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Varnishes, Paints, Turpentine, Hair Oils, Extracts, Soaps, Brushes, together with a great variety of Fancy Articles—in short, everything usually found in a first class Drug Store—constantly on hand.
☞ Physicians supplied at reasonable rates, and prescriptions carefully compounded and prepared at all hours of the day and night—Sunday not excepted. Being determined to sell cheap, he would ask a liberal share of public patronage. Give us a call, and see for yourselves. JOHN S. FORNEY.
Aug. 2, 1866.

A. D. BUEHLER,
THEOLOGICAL, CLASSICAL AND MISCELLANEO
BOOKS,
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
STATIONERY
PERFUMERY OF ALL KINDS,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Chambersburg street, near Diamond.
May 8, 1867.—1y

The Star and Sentinel.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.
President Judge—Robert J. Fisher.
Associate Judges—Isaac E. Wierman, Isaac Robinson.
Prothonotary—Jacob A. Kitzmiller.
Register and Recorder—Wm. D. Holtzworth.
Clerk of the Courts—A. W. Minter.
District Attorney—A. J. Cover.
Treasurer—Jacob Sheads.
Sheriff—Philip Hann.
Coroner—Dr. W. J. McClure.
Surveyor—J. S. Witherow.
Commissioners—Abraham Krise, Samuel Wolf, Nicholas Wierman. *Clerk*—J. M. Walter. *Counsel*—E. B. Buehler.
Directors of the Poor—John N. Graft, John Mussleman, John Rahn. *Steward*—Jonas Johns. *Clerk*—H. G. Wolf. *Treasurer*—Cornelius Daugherty. *Counsel*—Wm. McClean. *Physician*—J. W. C. O'Neal.
Auditors—Joseph Burkee, Jacob Pittenturf, Jacob Hull.

BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG.
Burgess—R. G. McCreary.
Council—James J. Wills, Alexander Spangler, David Warren, George A. Earnshaw, William H. Culp, Wm. F. Baker. *Clerk*—Jeremiah Culp. *Treasurer*—Samuel R. Russell.
Constables—Michael Orilly, George W. Weikert.
School Directors—David A. Buehler, Robert Sheads, John Rupp, Hiram Warren, John F. McCreary, A. J. Cover. *Secretary*—John F. McCreary. *Treasurer*—H. G. Fahnestock.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.
President—George Swope.
Cashier—J. Emory Bair.
Teller—Henry S. Benner.
Directors—George Swope, William Young, Henry Wirt, James J. Wills, David Kendlehart, Wm. McSherry, William D. Himes, Lewis M. Motter, Marcus Sampson.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.
President—George Throne.
Cashier—George Arnold.
Teller—A. M. Hunter.
Directors—George Throne, David McConaughy, John Brough, Robert Bell, John Horner, George Arnold, William Culp.

EVER GREEN CEMETERY.
President—J. L. Schick.
Secretary—William B. Meals.
Treasurer—Alexander Cobean.
Managers—John Rupp, Andrew Polley, Josiah Benner, George Spangler, George Little, William B. Meals, Alexander Cobean.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—David A. Buehler.
Treasurer—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

ADAMS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.
President—Samuel Herbst.
Vice Presidents—William McSherry, J. S. Witherow.
Recording Secretary—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Corresponding Secretary—Henry J. Stahle.
Treasurer—Jonas Routzahn.
Managers—William B. Wilson, William Wible, David Wills, Elisha Penrose, John H. McClellan.

BUILDING ASSOCIATION.
President—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Vice President—William A. Duncan.
Secretary—John F. McCreary.
Treasurer—Jacob A. Kitzmiller.
Managers—C. Henry Buehler, J. W. C. O'Neal, John Rupp, John Culp, (of M.) Wm. Chritzman.

GAS COMPANY.
President—M. Jacobs, D. D.
Secretary—Wm. A. Duncan.
Treasurer—Joel B. Danner.
Managers—A. D. Buehler, E. G. Fahnestock, H. D. Wattles, T. D. Carson, W. A. Duncan, J. B. Danner.

WATER COMPANY.
President—George W. McClellan.
Secretary and Treasurer—Samuel R. Russell.
Managers—G. W. McClellan, George Swope, R. S. Buehler, S. R. Russell, H. J. Stahle.

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.
President—Robert McCurdy.
Secretary and Treasurer—David Wills.

	First.	Second.
Trains depart	7.45 A. M.	1.20 P. M.
" arrive	1.10 P. M.	6.15 P. M.

Both trains make close connections for Baltimore. The morning train makes close connection for Harrisburg and Eastern and Western points.

ASSOCIATIONS.
Gettys Lodge, No. 124, I. O. O. F.—Meets corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, every Tuesday evening.
Union Encampment, No. 126, I. O. O. F.—In Odd Fellows' Hall, 1st and 3d Monday in each month.
Good Samaritan Lodge, No. 336, A. Y. M.—Corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, 2d and 4th Thursday in each month.
Gen. Reynolds Lodge, No. 180, I. O. G. T.—On Baltimore street, every Monday evening.
Gettysburg Lodge, No. —, I. O. G. T.—In Odd Fellows' Hall, every Friday evening.
Cayugas Tribe, No. 31, I. O. R. M.—In McConaughy's Hall, every Friday evening.
Post No. 9, G. A. R.—In McConaughy's Hall, every Monday evening.

CHURCHES.
Presbyterian—Rev. Edsall Ferrier, Stated Supply. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
Lutheran, (Christ's)—Pastor, Rev. C. A. Hay, D. D. Services by Professors of College and Seminary alternately, Sabbath morning and evening and Wednesday evening.
Lutheran, (St. James')—Rev. E. Breidenbaugh. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
Methodist Episcopal—Revs. G. W. Bouse and A. J. Bender. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Thursday evening.
German Reformed—Rev. W. R. H. Deatrich. Services Sabbath morning and evening, & Wednesday evening.
Catholic—Rev. Joseph Ball. Services 1st, 3d and 5th Sabbaths, morning and afternoon.

YOUR MISSION.

If you can not on the ocean
Sail among the swiftest fleet,
Rocking on the highest billows,
Laughing at the storm you meet,
You can stand among the sailors,
Anchored yet within the bay,
You can lend a hand to help them
As they launch their boat away.

If you are too weak to journey
Up the mountain, steep and high,
You can stand within the valley
While the multitudes go by;
You can chant in happy measure,
As they slowly pass along;
Though they may forget the singer,
They will not forget the song.

If you have not gold and silver
Ever ready to command,
If you can not to the needy
Reach an ever open hand;
You can visit the afflicted,
O'er the erring you can weep,
You can be a true disciple
Sitting at the Savior's feet.

If you can not in the harvest
Garner up the richest sheaves,
Many a grain, both ripe and golden,
Will the careless reapers leave;
Go and glean among the briers,
Growing rank against the wall,
For it may be that their shadow
Hides the heaviest wheat of all.

If you can not in the conflict
Prove yourself a soldier true—
If, where fire and smoke are thickest,
There's no work for you to do;
When the battle-field is silent,
You can go with careful tread,
You can bear away the wounded,
You can cover up the dead.

Do not, then, stand idly waiting
For some greater work to do;
Fortune is a lazy Goddess—
She will never come to you.
Go and toil in any vineyard,
Do not fear to do or dare;
If you want a field of labor,
You can find it any where.

NO ONE LIKE A MOTHER.

A poor old woman lay upon her sick bed in a close uncomfortable room, with a daughter and little grandchild to take care of her. But whom do you think this aged woman called for all the time, and longed to have come and nurse her? It was "mother"—her own mother. "O, there's nobody like a mother to take care of you when sick," she said. A person present asked how long her mother had been dead.

"About fifty years, I reckon," she answered.

"Do you think that you will remember your mother's loving care for fifty years? No doubt you will if God spares your life. You may think but little of it now, but you will think a great deal of it then. This woman's children and grandchildren had grown up about her, but her heart reached back over all that waste of years to the time when she was a child at her mother's side. It was "mother, mother," that our poor boys, in tent and hospital, called and prayed. When sick and wounded they were laid down to die, O, there is nobody like a mother to have the care for us. What return are you making every day for all she does for you? Do you try to save her trouble, and lighten all her burdens? O, nothing in this world can do so effectually as to know that her children are growing up good and noble, and useful in the world.

WHO TAUGHT THEM.

Who taught the bird to build her nest
Of wool, and hay, and moss?
Who taught her how to weave it best,
And lay the twigs across?

Who taught the busy bee to fly,
Among the sweetest flowers;
And lay her store of honey by,
To eat in winter hours?

Who taught the little ant the way
The narrow hole to bore;
And through the pleasant summer's day,
To gather up her store?

'Twas God who taught them all the way,
And gave their little skill,
And teaches children, if they pray,
To do His holy will. JANE TAYLOR.

WE DO FADE AS A LEAF.—As the trials of life thicken and the dreams of other days fade, one by one, in the deep vista of disappointed hope, the heart grows weary of the struggle and we begin to realize our insignificance.—Those who have climbed to the pinnacle of fame, or revel in luxury and wealth, go to the grave at last with the poor mendicant who begs pennies by the wayside, and like him are soon forgotten. Generation after generation, says an eloquent modern writer, have felt as we feel, and their fellows were as active in life as ours are now. They passed away as a vapor while nature wore the same aspect of beauty as when her Creator commanded her to be. And so likewise shall it be when we are gone. The heavens will be as bright over our graves as they are now around our path the world will have the attraction for offspring yet unborn that she had once for ourselves, and that she has now for our children. Yet a little while, and all this will have happened. Days will continue to move on, and laughter and song will be heard in the very chamber in which we died; and the eye that mourned for us will be dried and will glisten with joy; and even our children will cease to think of us, and will not remember to lisp our name.

THE POOREST MAN IN THE WORLD.—Many years ago, two brothers went from Connecticut to Western New York to live. The country was new, and the land was cheap; so these brothers, who were young men, bought a great deal of it. They added acre to acre, and farm to farm, until they could go over whole townships without taking their feet from their own soil. Other emigrants came about them; and their land, which was fertile, became of great value; so, by the time the brothers were old men, they were very rich.

At last, the elder brother came to die, and, as he lay upon his deathbed, he asked to be lifted, so that he could look from the window. His friends raised him upon pillows, and threw open the window.

The dying man looked out over miles and miles of forest and hill and meadow, where grain was ripening in the sunshine, cattle and sheep were feeding, and the Genesee River was flowing through the midst in its beautiful valley.

Hill, meadow, and forest were all his—everything his eyes looked upon; yet in a few hours he must go away, and take none of his riches with him—go away alone, and in darkness, and without Jesus, for he was not a Christian. He had been so busy buying farms and houses and cattle that he had no time to think of anything else.

The rich man looked from the window a long time at his worldly riches—at the waving grain, the shining river, the wide-spreading trees, and the grazing cattle—and then, turning away his head, burst into tears, saying, "I am the *poorest* man in the whole world."

WALTER SCOTT'S ADVICE TO HIS SON.—Read, my dear Charley, read: and that which is useful. Man differs from birds and beasts only because he has the means of availing himself of the knowledge acquired by his predecessors. The swallow builds the same nest which its father and mother built, and the sparrow does not improve by the experience of its parents. The son of a learned pig, if it had one, would be a brute, only fit to make bacon of. It is not so with the human race. Our ancestors lodged in caves and wigwams, where we construct palaces for the rich, and comfortable dwellings for the poor; and why is this but because our eye is enabled to look back upon the past, to improve upon our ancestors' improvements, and to avoid their errors? This can only be done by studying history, and comparing it with passing events.

MASTER AND SCHOLAR.—"When I was a young man, we had a schoolmaster who had an odd way of catching the idle boys. One day he called out to us—

"Boys, I must have closer attention to your books. The first one of you that sees another boy idle I want you to tell me and we will tend to the case."

"Ah," thought I to myself, "there is Joe Simpson that I don't like. I'll watch him and if I catch him looking off his book, I'll tell." It was not long before I saw Joe look off his book, and I immediately informed the master.

"Indeed," said he, "how did you know he was idle?"

"I saw him," said I.

"You did; and were your eyes on the book when you saw him?"

I was caught, and never watched for idle boys again.

If we are sufficiently watchful over our own conduct, we shall have no time to find fault with the conduct of others.

PUNCTUALITY.—A committee of eight ladies, in London, had appointed to meet at a certain day at twelve o'clock. Seven of them were punctual; but the eighth came hurrying in, with many apologies for being a quarter of an hour behind time. She said that the time had passed away without her being aware of it; she had "no idea of its being so late."—A Quaker lady present said, "Friend, I am not so clear that we should admit thine apology. It were a matter of regret that thou shouldst have wasted thine own quarter of an hour; but here are seven besides thyself, whose time thou hast also consumed, amounting in the whole to two hours, and seven-eighths of it was not thine own property.

FEAR INTENSIFIES FAITH.—One, who was walking in the fields was surprised to find a trembling lark fly into his bosom. A strange thing for a timid bird to do, was it not? But there was a hawk after it, and therefore, fear of the hawk made the bird bold enough to fly to man for shelter. And O! when the vultures of sin and hell are pursuing a poor sinner, he is driven by the courage of despair to fly into the heart of the blessed Jesus.

THE WORD OF GOD is everything to the soul of man; It is the seed and drink to nourish him, his raiment to clothe him, his armor to defend him, his fire to warm him, his light to guide him, his rule to direct him, and his house in which he dwells. It is also his counsellor to advise him, and his friend to accompany and console. His benefactor to bless him, and his deliverer in [illegible].

[illegible] took only two dozen of his wives with him on his recent pleasure trip South.

NELLY'S BIRTHDAY.

Nelly Graham's pleasant birthday party was over, and she went to the garden gate, to say good-by to her cousin Mary, who was the last to leave. She watched her until a turn in the road hid her from her sight, and then she turned toward the house. The shade of sadness on her face was not entirely because her playmates had gone; she was thinking of her brother Randolph, who had been sick all day, and she felt quite lost without his sympathy in her birthday pleasures. On looking up to his window, she saw him beckoning to her; and it was scarcely a moment before she stood beside him, eager to pour into his kind ears the story of the day.

"O Rannie! papa gave me a Bible with a gold clasp, just like that one of yours; and mother gave me a beautiful gold thimble.—Mary and all the other girls have been here all the afternoon, and we had a real nice time, only we were sorry you were sick."

"Nelly," said Randolph, "bring me my portfolio, and let me see if I can not find something for my little sister's birthday." Nelly's eyes sparkled with pleasure as they looked over all those beautiful pictures, and at last she selected one. To the left of the picture was a heavy arched door, all overgrown with rank weeds and vines. One in the dress of a pilgrim, though with a crown upon his brow, stood knocking at the dismal door; he held a lantern in one hand, which shed light over his form, and showed the exceeding tenderness and sadness of the face.

Nelly looked at the strange scene until her eyes filled with tears, and her voice was very low and gentle as she turned to her brother,—"Rannie, why is it called 'The Light of the World?' I would like to know what it all means." And Randolph told her how the door was an emblem of each human heart, that men keep choked up with the weeds of sin, and will not open to give entrance to the royal Pilgrim, who is Jesus Himself. And then he went on to tell her how the dear Saviour stood even then knocking at the door of her poor little sinful heart, waiting for her to open unto Him, that He might enter and go no more out forever. Nelly's heart was too full to speak; but Randolph said gently, "Nelly, shall I ask Jesus to come?" They knelt down, and the brother prayed that his little sister might give herself to Him who had given His life for her. And he knew that his prayer was answered; for the soft light that shone in Nelly's eyes, as she threw her arms around her brother's neck, could be nothing else than the reflection of the Light of the World.—*The Standard Bearer.*

WHAT A SQUIRREL DID.—A gentlemen from Newbury treated us the other day to some walnuts, which we should perhaps have refused, on the principal that the receiver is as bad as the thief, had we known where they were obtained before it was too late. They were part of the store of a striped squirrel, which he had laid up in a hollow tree. There were in all five quarts which he had carried up one by one, from a tree an eighth of a mile distant. The hole ran into the tree in a horizontal direction, so that its capacity would have been very small, as the nuts would have rolled out without some modification in its arrangements, which Mr. Bunny proceeded to make with a good deal of architectural skill, his movements being watched daily by our informant. He first built up a breastwork of clay, sticks, nutshells and other rubbish at the mouth of his magazine, an inch or two high, and then filled it up with his provisions, till it would hold no more. He then added another course of mason work, and another deposit of nuts, and so on, till at the time of the vandal's raid on the little fellow's commissary the wall was about a foot high. The peculation was considered justifiable on the ground that man was created lord over all the beasts of the field, and it was no worse to make a squirrel work for him than to make a horse or an ox do it. Besides, our friend kindly gave our four legged friend his time for the rest of the season, and in a week or two he had laid in a new supply for himself and family.—*Newburyport Herald.*

BRAINS.—An American sloop-of-war had put into an English port, and the first lieutenant went ashore to reconnoitre. In the course of his travels he encountered a tavern where a number of British officers were carousing. They at once recognized the lieutenant's nationality by his dress, and resolved to amuse themselves by bullying him.

"Well, comrade," said one, "you belong to the United States, I see?"

"Right," was the answer.

"Now what would you say to a man who should say that your navy did not contain an officer fit for a gunboat?" continued the Englishman.

"I would blow his brains out!" returned the lieutenant, with great coolness.

There was silence among her Majesty's servants for a moment; finally one of them, more muddled than the rest, managed to stammer out—

"W-well, Yank, I—I say it."

The American walked to his side, and replied calmly—

"It is lucky for you, shipmate, *that you have no brains to blow out!*"

Struck by the dignity of the answer, the offender at once apologized, and our hero was invited to join the mess.

WEBSTER'S DYING WORDS.—The following anecdote is related of a plain countryman, who was trying to recall the last words of Daniel Webster, "I still live." A gentleman, with whom he was conversing, made the remark, "Life is very uncertain." "Yes," replied the former, "that it is,—and by the way, captain, that makes me think of what one of your big Massachusetts men said when he died. Well, I don't just call his name to mind now, but at any rate he was a big politicioner, and lived near Boston, somewhere. My newspaper said that when he died, the Boston people put his image in their windows, and had a funeral for a whole day."

"Perhaps it was Webster," suggested the captain. "Yes, that's the name! Webster—General Webster! Strange I couldn't think on't afore! He riz up in the bed, and says he, '*I ain't dead yet!*'"

"I AM rich enough, and can afford to give away £100 a year. I would not crawl upon the earth without doing a little for truth. I will enjoy the pleasure of giving it alive, and see another enjoy it. When I die, I should be ashamed to leave enough for a monument, if there was a wanting friend above ground."—*Pope to Dean Swift.*

A MAN, who [illegible] undertaker [illegible] without [illegible] the unceremonious burial of a woman, and [illegible] She was buried [illegible] off, [illegible] corrected [illegible] She was buried [illegible] [illegible] he [illegible] gave it up.

A son of Mr. Harris, the assayer of Gold Hill, had quite a snake adventure recently, on the stage road from Dayton to Hot Springs on Walker river, which is worth placing in the papers. Driving along leisurely, in a two-horse express wagon, near El Dorado Canon, he observed near the road quite a contest between a hare and a huge rattlesnake, the snake having got the better advantage of the hare, having wound itself round the hare and held fast—like anacondas and boa constrictors are said to do when they capture elk, and other game, crushing their victim to death, and then making a meal of the carcass by swallowing the body whole. In this instance the snake had succeeded in crushing the life out of the hare, and had already swallowed the head, ears, and neck of the animal, clear up to the shoulders, and was evidently determined to swallow the whole body, if left alone.

Young Harris describes the sight as the most wonderful he had seen in many adventures he has had in hunting expeditions—and he has had a good many among these mountains. On approaching, Harris says the snake held her grip on the hare, but whether from necessity or not he could not tell, but he thinks the hare was so firmly stuck in the snake's throat that it could not have disengaged itself if it had tried. On sight of Harris, the huge snake sprung eight rattles, the warning of a rattlesnake to "hands off"—staring at the intruder with large bulging eyes, distended head and throat, and squirming and twisting and shaking its tail worse by many odds than a certain U. S. Senator once did when he chawed and swallowed his words in Congress.

After witnessing this strange sight for some time, and seeing that one of the contestants was already dead and the other being likely to perish in the attempt to swallow bodily its enemy, Harris thought it best to stop this "Jonah swallowing the whale" experiment, by despatching this Washoe anaconda, thereby ending what he considered a useless conflict—as, for instance, a mouse trying to swallow a mountain. After the snake had been killed, he caught hold of its tail, and actually raised up the hare without touching it, so tight had it become in the throat of the snake.—*Gold Hill Daily News.*

FISH "AS THEY RUN."—Many good stories have been told of the late Judge Cooper, of Cooperstown, father of the novelist, but the following has never made its way to the public:—Judge Cooper was one of the first, if not the very first, to break the wilderness in that region, and was possessed of large tracts of land in and about Cooperstown, which he sold out, sometimes on very liberal terms to actual settlers.

One day a man came to him, wishing to purchase some wild land in a remote portion of the township. This tract of land lay upon the banks of the river, from which an abundance of fish was taken for the supply of the villagers; and the farmer asked if Judge Cooper would not be willing to take his pay in fish—an arrangement to which the Judge consented. "But," said the farmer, "you know, judge, that there's all kinds of fish in the river—pike and trout, and large and small.—You'll be willing to take them as they run, won't you, judge?"

"Oh yes," said the judge, good-naturedly; "only bring your fish along. I'll take them as they run."

And so the papers were made out, and the farmer departed. But the summer drew on, and waxed and waned, and yet none of the fish upon which the judge had expected to regale himself made its appearance at his door. After many months had passed, the judge, growing impatient about the promised payment for his land, mounted his horse and rode out into the region where it lay. As he expected, found the settler at work upon his place. The judge rode up to him, and asked him a little sharply about the fish he had promised to bring him.

"Fish! judge!" said the man, rising slowly from the ox-yoke he was mending, and looking with an amazed squint upon Judge Cooper, "did I promise to bring you any fish?"

"To be sure you did!" said the judge, roundly; "wasn't that the agreement? You promised to pay for your land in fish. And where's the fish?"

"But, judge," said the man, "didn't you promise to take the fish as they run?"

"To be sure," said the judge, "but I have had no opportunity to take them as they run, or in any other way, for not a basketful have you brought me."

"But, judge," said the man, "there's the river; there they run; you can take them as you like!"

The judge wheeled his horse hastily and rode homeward, and the man got his farm by his wits, for Judge Cooper never appealed to him again for fish—as they run, or in any other way. But he was accustomed to tell the story with great glee.

A YOUNG LAWYER was examining a bankrupt as to how he had spent his money.—There were about two thousand pounds unaccounted for, when the attorney put on a severe, scrutinizing face, and exclaimed, with much self-complacency:

"Now, sir, I want you to tell this court and jury how you used those two thousand pounds."

The bankrupt put on a serio-comic face, winked at the audience, and exclaimed:

"The lawyers got that!"

The judge and audience were convulsed with laughter, and the councillor was glad to let the bankrupt go.

While trudging along one day, all alone, a soldier met a Methodist circuit rider, and at once recognized him as such, but affected ignorance of it.

Preacher—"What command do you belong to?"

Soldier—"I belong to the 10th Texas regiment, Van Dorn's army. What army do you belong to?"

P. (Very solemnly)—"I belong to the army of the Lord."

S.—"My friend you've got a very long way from headquarters."

A JERSEYMAN [illegible] and was not expected [illegible]. His friends got around his bed, and one of them says: "John, do you feel willing to die?" John made an effort to give his views on the subject, and said with [illegible] voice, "I—I think—I'd rather stay—where I'm better acquainted."

A BOY of six summers surprised his mother with the remark, "I have three fathers!" "Who are they?" was the astonished inquiry. "My father who [illegible] clothes is one—George Washington, the father of our country is another, and our Father who art in Heaven is another."

A CLIMAX.—I stood in the deserted halls of my father—I gazed around upon the bare walls, and down the hollow sounding corridors—I cried aloud—"The friends of my youth—where are they?" And echo answered, "*Really I don't know.*"

[illegible]

FARMERS' SONS.

[The important inquiry was made in the [illegible], some time since, How shall we train our boys so that they will be farmers when they are men? The query is partly met in a subsequent article by the remarks of a farmer who [illegible] boys at home, simply giving them pleasant occupation there. [illegible] suggestions.]

Make farm life attractive to them while young. An existence of mere mechanical drudgery, like that of the treadmill, is illy fitted to retain an intelligent youth in any occupation which imposes it. Pour around your calling the light of science. Bring to it the refinements of culture, and the [illegible] of intelligent and practical investigation.—Particularly let the mother be interested and informed, and by daily conversation infuse her own enthusiasm into the spirits of her sons.

Make the farm-house a place of delight to the senses and an inspiration to the soul.—This will assist in encouraging an interest in your own noble calling, which will [illegible] to bring forth fruits in after-life.

But if, after all, some of your [illegible] steadfastly incline to other pursuits, do not attempt to thwart them, for [illegible] not mould all minds alike. In the same family may be found a great variety of talents and [illegible]. If you try to compel a boy to an occupation which he seriously dislikes, you not only discourage or disgust, but perhaps prevent the life of usefulness which he might find in another. Lend him a helping hand in whatever calling he may prefer, showing him that his interests are your interests; that although your own favorite pursuit [illegible], you are yet willing to assist him in attaining usefulness and honor in another.

There should be a mutual confidence between parent and son. Let the father listen patiently to the boy's plans and hopes, and encourage him to speak of them. What if they are chimerical? What if a ripe experience sees that they can never be realized? Let the father be in no haste to dampen the ardor of the boy, but by degrees unfold the subject in its proper light, and by cautiously changing the current of his mind, lead him, not drive him, from his unwise purpose. A son who makes a father his confidant, if that father be wise, will be in much less danger of acting rashly than if he should keep his own counsel or only counsel with those whose experience has been no more extensive than his own.

SAVING AND APPLYING BONE DUST.

Numerous inquiries have been forwarded to the Farmers' Club respecting the value of raw bone as a fertilizer. At a late meeting of the Club, in reply to the queries about this kind of manure, S. Edward Todd said:

"If there is any one practice among American farmers for which they deserve sharp rebuke, it is for permitting such immense quantities of bone to be exported for the improvement of the agriculture of foreign nations. Thousands of tons of bones are collected annually in Chicago, Buffalo, New York, and other populous cities, and shipped to European countries, to fertilize the land for raising turnips, wheat, fat cattle and sheep. And yet American farmers in stupid quietude, look on and say, 'It don't pay to collect bones and apply them to the soil!'

"It *will* pay. They have not tested the application of ground bone. There is not a meadow or a pasture in the land—with very few exceptions—that will not be greatly benefited by a dressing of ground raw bone.—Thousands of acres of the best [illegible] land in New England are in a low state of impoverishment, for the want of a liberal dressing of raw ground bone. Such fertilizing matter is the very life of the soil. European farmers understand and appreciate this fact. They know it pays to ship bones from America to enrich their farms. Every ship-load of bones that is picked from our land injures the agriculture of our country. England delights in the excellence of the choice cheese of American dairies, while we mutter and grumble over a pot of the whey. Europeans rejoice over the rich, sweet American butter, while we are so unaccountably stupid as to be satisfied with the butter-milk. Our farmers dig, and delve, and rake, and scrape their grain fields, meadows, and pastures to get phosphatic fertilizers to send to Europe to produce big crops of turnips; and then grumble and denounce their own land as good for nothing, because their turnips refuse to grow as they do in Eastern countries.

"The truth on this point is, American farmers must save and apply more manure to their impoverished land; especially must they save bones for growing a crop of turnips. As soon as we can produce a bountiful crop of turnips on a wheat soil, we can grow wheat. Wheat and turnips in England go hand in hand.

"There is a volume of truth in the old maxim:

'No bonedust, no turnips; no turnips no wheat;
No wheat and no turnips, no cattle, no meat;
No turnips, no cattle, nor manure in the yard,
Make bills for the doctors, and [illegible].'"
—*Independent.*

HOW TO MAKE MILKERS.—No matter what breed you have, something is necessary to reach the highest success in raising good milkers. It's a great thing, to be sure, to have good blood, whether it be Ayrshire, Jersey, or Short Horn grades, but apart from this important advantage the course of treatment in raising a milker is somewhat different from that in raising a beef animal, or an animal for labor.

The calf should be well fed and petted while young. Well fed, to induce a rapid growth, so as to enable the heifer to come in early; petted, to make her gentle and fond of the presence of her keepers. Fondling helps to create a quiet disposition, so important in the dairy cow; and this education must begin when young. For a milker, we would have the heifer come in at two years old, and if she had been well kept, so as to attain a good size, she is then old enough to become a cow. She will give more milk for coming in early. It forms the habit of giving milk, and habit, you know, is a sort of a second nature. An older bull is better. We use too many young bulls. A three or four year old is far better as a stock getter than a yearling, and many prefer a five or six year old to any other. After the heifer has come in let her feed be regular. Clover is preferred to all others for the dairy feed. A little oatmeal induces a large flow. Indian meal is rather fattening. In bad weather give her a clean, dry stall.—*[illegible].*

POTATOES are worth more for all kinds of stock than most farmers think they are. If you can have them frozen and then cooked before they thaw, the starch is changed to sugar, and I know of no food that will fatten faster or give a better flow of milk.

[illegible] heavy and clayey soils should be plowed in autumn, so that the frosts of winter may pulverize them and kill the grubs of insects [illegible] in the soil for this same [illegible].

OATS should be sowed very early, as early as possible. I saw a good crop [illegible] was sown in February, and was [illegible] not snowed or rained in.

COOKED food for hogs is better than feeding the same [illegible] wish to fatten.—[illegible].

☞ Information has reached the General Land Office, from the West, [illegible] country [illegible].

The Star and Sentinel, Gettysburg, Pa.

JULY 17, 1867.

The Star & Sentinel.

[illegible]

HENRY W. WILLIAMS,

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

PRINTING PRESS

FOR SALE.

We have a surplus IRON FRANKLIN PRESS—platen 24 x 38 inches—which will be sold low. It is in good order—the "Sentinel" having been printed on it up to the [illegible]. It is now offered for sale simply because we have no use for it.

Address,

HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER,

Gettysburg Pa.

UNDER the State Governments in many of the Rebel States, the greatest oppression of Unionists is practiced. We observe in the North Carolina Raleigh *Register* of June 29th, a startling article from which we take this extract:

"Would the Congress of the United States, now in session, *that confiscation is* [illegible] *us here at the hands of the rebel* [illegible]. Our people are very poor.—They cannot bear high taxes. While they would pay taxes cheerfully to any reasonable [illegible] to support schools and for internal improvements, and would stint themselves to [illegible] noble objects, yet they think it very hard that they are taxed to the verge of confiscation, and in many cases into confiscation, to raise money to support and pamper [illegible] enemies to the national government who, if they had supreme and permanent control, would deprive them even of the rights of citizenship. The rebel State Government now over us is raising five hundred thousand dollars the present year, when one hundred thousand would have been ample for all purposes. What is to be done with this large amount we know not. Many of the Counties, under the control of Magistrates of the Gov. Worth stripe, *are taxing the people to pay in gold the debts contracted by those Counties in aid of the rebellion.*—The town governments are generally in rebel hands, and the heaviest taxes are imposed, collected and handled, by enemies to the United States."

An ounce of fact is worth a pound of theory. Let every citizen ponder these statements made by Hon. W. W. HOLDEN, late Provisional Governor of North Carolina, and answer to his conscience whether Congress does not owe it to the cause of justice and loyalty that such outrages be at once and summarily stopped. It is intolerable that hardened and unprincipled Rebels should have the reins of government, to the injury and wrong of faithful men who served the cause of the Union in the hour of its agony.

THE Democracy have gained a new recruit in the person of ROBERT TOOMBS, of Georgia, who has written a letter endorsing the principles of the Democratic party as set forth in the platform of the Ohio State Convention. He says he regrets nothing in regard to the past six years, except the dead and the failure of "the cause." TOOMBS was an original secessionist and one of the most blatant of his species. In his letter to the Ohio Democracy, he boasts of his secession proclivities—retracts none of his views—regrets the failure of the Rebellion—but recognizing the services of the Democracy of the North in the aid and sympathy extended to the South during the Rebellion, he pledges himself and friends to future co-operation in political action.

On the other hand Gen. BARKSDALE, of Mississippi, has written a letter ranging himself along side of LONGSTREET, THOMPSON, and other leading Rebel officers, who take the ground that the South invoked the arbitrament of the sword in the decision of the secession question, and the issue being against them, it is the duty of all good citizens to recognize the verdict, accept the congressional plan of reconstruction, and cordially unite in the work of restoring the Union. Thus it is that while the Republican party of the South draws to itself all the soldiers, the original fire-eaters, composed of effete and worn-out politicians, attach themselves to the Democracy of the North.

IT was recently published as probable by Democratic papers, that Gen. ROSECRANS would be the Democratic nominee for Governor of California. We did not credit this, at the time; but we did not deny it, because we had no authority so to do. The *Alta Californian* of a recent date disposes of the story in this summary fashion:

"Gen. ROSECRANS will not, on any account, accept that or any other nomination from the Democracy. If he could be induced to run for office at all, it would be on the Union ticket; but his business and inclinations are both averse to political life, and he is not at all likely to become the candidate of any party. At the same time his sympathies are wholly with the Union cause."

These words harmonize with the noble course of Gen. ROSECRANS during the war, and with his publicly expressed opinions. He cannot affiliate with the men who were against the country when the Rebellion threatened to divide and destroy it.

A BEAUTIFUL PAIR.

Judge WOODWARD, the retiring Supreme Judge, in 1863 decided the draft to be an unconstitutional mode of raising troops; and Judge SHARSWOOD, nominated to be his successor, decided the "legal tender" notes an unconstitutional currency.

The people reversed the former decision by electing Judge AGNEW, and will, this fall, reverse Judge SHARWOOD's by electing Judge WILLIAMS. Had they not elected AGNEW, the Army would have lost the re-inforcements the draft in this State gave it, and would have probably been defeated. Should they not elect WILLIAMS every holder of the currency of the country will be in peril of inevitable loss.

RECENTLY, a correspondent of the N. York *Herald* furnished the details of an alleged conversation with THADDEUS STEVENS, on reconstruction and other matters. We notice that the story is [illegible] the rounds of the copperhead [illegible] notwithstanding Mr. STEVENS, last week, [illegible] floor of Congress, officially denied its truthfulness. The truth is, the leaders of the Democratic party are in a bad way. With a record detested by loyal men, and a party utterly demoralized, they are casting about for desperate means to resuscitate a desperate cause. But they have so long practiced wholesale misrepresentation and falsehood, that even this game won't win.

A MAN NAMED AIKEN, notorious as Mrs. SURRATT's attorney and an open sympathiser with the Rebellion, has been appointed a Clerk in the Treasury Department, at Washington.

CONGRESS AT WORK.

Congress has made short work of Attorney General STANSBERY's attempts to override its previous enactments and block up the work of Reconstruction.—Both branches promptly passed bills last week which, differing slightly in detail, were sent to a Committee of Conference, which [illegible] agreed upon a Bill, which passed both Houses by over a two-third vote—the vote in the Senate being yeas 31, nays 6; in the House, yeas 110, nays 23. The Bill is composed of 11 Sections, and seems to be a general traverse of the ground taken by the Attorney General, leaving the President "out in the cold," and putting the work of reconstruction into the hands of Gen. GRANT and the Department Commanders. Sect. 1 declares the meaning of the previous act to be that the Governments existing in the Rebel States are illegal and subject in all respects to the military commanders of the several districts, and the paramount authority of Congress. Sect. 2 gives to the district commanders in the Rebel States power to suspend or remove State and municipal officials, and supply their place, subject to the approval of the General of Army of the U. States. Sect. 3 gives to the General in Chief the same power of removal and appointment as is conferred on district commanders.—Sect. 4 legalizes and ratifies the removals and appointments heretofore made.—Sect. 5 authorizes Boards of Registration to receive evidence as to the qualifications of applicants for registration, and to reject those who are disqualified—the oath of the applicant not to be conclusive.—Sect. 6 declares more fully who are disqualified by the previous act, viz;—members of State Legislatures, executive and judicial officers, &c., who subsequently engaged in the Rebellion, or gave aid and comfort to the enemies of the U. States. Sect. 7 grants to district commanders the right, in their discretion, to extend the period for completing registration to the first of October, and also provides for a revision and correction of the registry within fourteen days of any election that may be ordered. Sect. 8 authorizes the commanding General to remove registers and supply their places when necessary. Sect. 9 requires all members of registration boards, and all persons elected or appointed to office in these districts, to take the oath of office prescribed for officers of the U. States. Sect. 10 and 11 effectually choke off all future interference with the work of re-construction by declaring that "all the provisions of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary, shall be construed liberally, to the end that all the intents thereof may be fully and perfectly carried out," and that "no district commander or member of the Board of Registration, or any of the officers or appointees acting under them, shall be bound in his action by any opinion of any civil officer of the United States."

The President will of course send this Bill back with an indignant veto; but the decided vote by which it passed both Houses insures its prompt enactment into law notwithstanding, and the loyal people of the South will resume and complete the work of reconstruction, without apprehension of further marplotting by renegade Republicans, blatant Rebels, and Democratic sympathizers. Congress, in the prompt passage of this important Bill, has vindicated its reputation for fidelity to the great principles of civil liberty, and asserted anew its determination that impenitent Rebels shall *not* rule the Government. The verdict of the loyal men of the Republic—North and South, will be—"Well done, good and faithful servants."

THE Democracy of Maryland are determined to make the most of their present lease of power. The last Legislature provided for the organization of the Militia of the State, imposed upon every person declining to be enrolled a fine of $2, and with the proceeds have obtained the means of equipping those who are mustered.

The work is prospering rapidly, and soon Gov. SWANN will have a large force at his disposal. This is largely composed of returned Rebels, who are preparing for the coveted opportunity of "making themselves even" with the Unionists of the State. We observe, as significant facts, that a Gen. COOPER, who served in the rebel army the entire war, has been commissioned by Governor SWANN a brigadier-general of this Militia; and that a Col. J. C. HEBERT, who commanded the 1st Maryland (Rebel) regiment, and was wounded at Gettysburg, has raised a *full militia regiment* of returned rebels called the "Maryland Guard," and has had them clothed in Rebel Grey uniform! The world moves; and the Maryland Democracy have put on the rebel gray. The Democrats of other States are not all so bold and candid.

IN the Maryland Reform Convention recently, THOMAS J. McKAIG of Cumberland—a native of this county, we believe, and remembered here as Finegan's counsel some years ago—expressed his detestation of the Northern "Puritan" System of Free Schools; but said he was in favor of a "proper" system of Education. He forgot to tell what that was.—But it was probably such as the Slaveholding States have hitherto had; that is, no "System," worthy the name.

Other Democrats go further. The Nashville (Tenn.) *Gazette*, in a recent issue, announces its opposition to the Common Schools recently introduced by Republican legislation in that State; denounces them for their dissemination of "Puritanism," and demands that they be swept out of existence.

Whatever may be said of the views of the *Northern* Democracy on the subject of free education for the children of the of the State, the Aristocrats who control the *Southern* Democracy have manifestly no sympathy for that sort of thing. They prefer to govern an ignorant people rather than, by educating them, run the risk of not being the governing people.—How long will the people submit?

JEFFERSON DAVIS has made a second speech in Canada at Lennoxville, where one of his children is at school.—He thanked the Canadians for their manifestation of sympathy and good will, and urged them to "hold fast to their *British principles*, and to cultivate a close and affectionate connection with the mother country."

Davis proposes to live in Canada, and [illegible] brought within the jurisdiction of the United States. As he was always more [illegible] a believer in [illegible] than in American principles, we hope he may stay, and become a subject of the [illegible] [illegible] devotion to the monarchical principles which he sought in vain to establish in his native land.

[illegible]

The Republican State Convention chose as the candidate of the Union party for the vacancy in the Supreme Bench the Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS, LL. D., of Pittsburg. To all intimately acquainted with the prospects, it has been for some time apparent that this distinguished jurist was the first choice of the Republican bar of the State, and deference has fully been had to their judgment.—As a lawer he enjoyed the highest reputation for ability and acumen. He has also already won judicial honors in the District Court of Allegheny county, and his unquestioned reputation for honesty and integrity may be inferred from the fact that there was no organized opposition to his election to the office.

Judge WILLIAMS is yet a young man, but forty-five, of firm political convictions, distinguished for steadfast devotion to and love of country, and possessed of the moral courage which will make him a bulwark of popular liberty, should it ever be threatened during his term of office. His high moral worth and great personal popularity render him a selection in every way desirable. We congratulate the party and the State on the nomination.—*Phila. Press.*

JUDGE WILLIAMS is known throughout the State as one of the very ablest members of the Pennsylvania judiciary, whose experience as a judge and high attainments as a lawyer are recognized by the whole legal profession. He is, moreover, a man of the most unimpeachable personal character, a high-toned, refined and honorable gentleman. Above the reach of those partisan considerations which have so often controlled judges of the school of BLACK and WOODWARD, he is, in all his personal opinions and principles, thoroughly imbued with the sentiments of a true American patriotism.—He enjoys the additional advantage over his competitor, Judge SHARSWOOD, that while fully equal to him in all his personal and professional qualifications, he is a man in the prime of life, in vigorous health of body as well as of mind, and, in all human probability, far more likely to complete the circle of his official duty as a Judge of the Supreme Court.—*Phila. Bulletin.*

MR. WILLIAMS is a man of experience on the Bench, and a thoroughly accomplished lawyer, so when elected, as we cannot doubt he will be, he will be a decided addition to the ability of the Supreme Bench. Judge WILLIAMS will bring to his task a sound body and the vigor of manhood to sustain him in the trying duties of his post. He is, too, a man thoroughly in unison with the sentiments of nationality, of liberal progress, of popular elevation, that have characterized our more recent history, and while not an extreme man on any political subject, nor a bigoted partisan in his views and course, he will have his mind free from the abstractions of that school of partisanship of which Chief Justice WOODWARD was a disciple.—*Phila. North American.*

MR. WILLIAMS is a *good man*, and not only by personal integrity of character, and in the history of his private life; but he is a good man *for the office*, by every qualification demanded for the discharge of its functions—a lawyer of long study and practice, and thoroughly approved as a Judge, whose decisions have rarely been carried to higher courts by appeal, and still more rarely overruled. His reputation as a jurist and as a christian gentleman, both in public and private life, is altogether becoming the high position in which it is proposed to place him. He was chosen by the convention from among no small number of good men in competition, and we hope and believe he will be chosen by a large majority of the people, embracing many of the opposite political party, although he has a worthy man for his oppenent.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

THE Pittsburg *Post* (Democrat,) has also a good word for our candidate. It says: "The nomination of the Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, is a good one. He was the best man named among the candidates before the Republican Convention, and possesses legal and moral qualifications for the responsible position to which he has been nominated."

THESE recommendations, which we could multiply indefinitely, show the eminent fitness of our candidate, which, with the fact that he represents the loyal sentiment of the State, in contradistinction to the Copperhead element, will ensure him the support of a large majority of the people.

SHERIFF HARRY HAYS of New Orleans, one of the chief actors in the massacre of Union men in that city in July last, was admitted to registration as a qualified voter, under the opinion of Attorney General STANSBERY. He will not long remain on the rolls, since Congress has come to the rescue, and authorized registers to strike from the rolls all persons improperly registered under said Opinion. HAYS was in command of the Louisiana Tigers, and made several attacks upon Culp's Hill, and served throughout the war, in LEE's army. Common decency requires, (as President JOHNSON once remarked of all such, when he was in his right mind) that he should "take a back seat" in the work of Reconstruction. He evidently wants a front one, and would have got it, if a stable Congress had not planted itself across the path which he and his fellows sought to tread to power.

THE Pittsburg *Republic*, an Administration paper, defends the President from a Southern charge that he don't defend his principles like a man but dodges his duty when the "Radicals" face him by stating that he will "use desperate means," if they should become necessary. It says:

"The President will not strike until he is prepared and can make the blow effective; if possible he will endeavor to get along without convulsing the country, but if peace cannot be secured without desperate means, he will use them, and when he does, the blow will prove effective, and the shackles will drop from both the North and the South."

If this be attempted, some body will "*drop*" with the shackles.

THE proposed impeachment of President JOHNSON is substantially abandoned, as the case now stands. The majority of the Committee of Congress were of [illegible] that he deserves [illegible] for his acts, but they have not recommended impeachment. One reason for this is, that the trial would occupy many months, and that a new election for President would be held about the time the trial would be ended. The chances are that the President will be permitted to be his own grave-digger.

GEN. GRANT AND RECONSTRUCTION.

In a reply to resolution of the [illegible] instant calling for copies of all instructions, orders and correspondence relating to or connected with the execution and administration of the act entitled "An act to provide for the more efficient government of the Rebel States," and the act supplementary thereto, the Secretary of War sent to the House a mass of papers containing the information required. The correspondence between Gen. Grant and the military commanders in the South, is important, not only in its relation to the important subject of Reconstruction, but also as showing the position of General Grant. In this correspondence the General puts himself squarely on record as sustaining the Congressional interpretation of the Reconstruction acts, disapproving of the Stansberry opinion, and emphatically supporting Sheridan in his bold course. General Grant telegraphed to Sheridan on the 7th of June that there was "not one word of truth in the story" that he and the Secretary of War were displeased with his conduct. Upon the same day Sheridan telegraphed to Grant: "The result of Mr. Stansberry's opinion is now beginning to show itself by a defiant opposition to all acts of the military commanders by impeding and rendering helpless the civil officers acting under his appointment." Upon the 28th of June General Grant telegraphed to Sheridan: "Enforce your construction of the Military bill until ordered otherwise. The opinion of the Attorney General has not been distributed to District Commanders in language or manner entitling it to the force of an order, nor can I suppose that the President intended it to have such force." Gen. Grant's despatch to Gen. Ord, of June 23d, is equally significant. In opposition to the opinion of Mr. Stansberry he says that Registrars should not allow applicants to register when they know they are perjuring themselves. "My opinion," he says, "is that it is the duty of the Board of Registration to see, as far as it lays in their power, that no unauthorized person is allowed to register. To secure this end, Registrars should be allowed to administer oaths and examine witnesses." To this he adds the emphatic assertion that the law makes the District Commanders their own interpreters of the powers and duty under it, and neither the Attorney General nor himself can "*enforce their views against the judgment of those made responsible for the faithful execution of the law*—the District Commanders." Congress, however, has relieved Gen. Grant and the Military Commanders in the South, by promptly passing a Bill which will prevent further Presidential interference.

GENERAL NEWS.

GEN. McClellan and family are at Nice, but are expected soon in Paris.

AT Maromaine, Wis., hailstones seven inches in circumference did much damage to the crops.

TWENTY thousand Americans are estimated to have crossed the Atlantic, from west to east, since February last.

CALIFORNIA papers say that San Francisco sends away forty tons of silver and six of gold every month.

IN New Albany, Ind., the other day, a child five months old was poisoned by its nurse.

THE crop of wheat this year is estimated at the comfortable figure of 225,000,000 bushels, a grain of comfort for the poor folks.

THE President has nominated Hon. George Bancroft as Minister to Austria and Henry J. Raymond as Minister to Prussia.

AT Laconia, Indiana, two brothers, named Kingsley, fought each other with knives and and other weapons, until both were fatally injured.

ABRAHAM VAN EMBURG, a Democratic member of the Legislature from Bergen county, N. J. went into his granary, a few days ago; and hanged himself.

WHILE a child was eating candy at Bridgeport the other day it got a torpedo in its mouth, which exploded, and blew out three of its teeth and tore its lips.

THE reported execution of Santa is contradicted. It is now said he is imprisoned at at Compeachy, greatly depressed in spirits, and expressing a hope to die.

THE Auditor General's Report shows that Pennsylvania furnished 362,284 men in the late war, exclusive of the 25,000 militia called out in September, 1862.

THE Congressional Union Republican Executive Committee, has, in Washington, received favorable reports from the South, giving assurance of success for the Union ticket hereafter by decisive majorities.

The Republicans of Bedford county have re-nominated John F. Richards and John Weller for the Legislature. The district is composed of Bedford, Fulton and Somerset.

A MONUMENT of white marble, 70 feet high, is to be erected on the Capital grounds, at Harrisburg, in memory of the Pennsylvania soldiers who fell in the war with Mexico.

THE canker worm is committing great ravages in the Massachusetts orchards. In the neighborhood of Boston, thousands of apple trees are blighted as if a fire had swept over them. Every leaf is destroyed, and the crop in many places is ruined.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL Stansbery states that he prepared a veto message on the Reconstruction Bill at the last session, which was rejected by the President, who afterwards employed Judge Jeremiah S. Black to prepare another message, which was acceptable.

JOHN W. FORNEY writes to the Philadelphia *Press* from the French capital, that "there is no contrast more significant between England and France than that England is a land of homes—France a land of hotels and restaurants."

THE United Presbyterian Synod of Scotland, at its late meeting in Edinburg, May 14th, spent a whole day and part of a night in discussing the propriety of introducing organs into their churches, and finally decided against it.

THE fifth general meeting of the "Evangelical Alliance," will be held at Amsterdam, Holland, on the 19th of August. The meeting promises to be one of unusual importance.—All the Protestant countries of the world, and many of the non-Protestant, will be represented by prominent clergymen and laymen.

MAXIMILIAN was tried by a court-martial composed of a lieutenant-colonel and a half dozen captains of the Liberal army. He was ably defended by Don Eulalio Ortega, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Mexico, and the Constitutional President of that Republic, who was assisted by Don Jesus Maria Vasquez, a graduate of Yale Law School. The Archduke was sick while the trial was progressing.

LOUISVILLE, KY., July 11.—A horrible crime occurred in Harrison county, Indiana, on Monday. A man named Kemper, his wife, two daughters and three sons, murdered a man named John Berry, by hurling stones at him. The murder was brought on by a lawsuit, which resulted adversely to Kemper.—All have been arrested, except two of the sons and two girls, who are still at large.

THE Secretary of State has published a memorandum in reference to the case of Santa Anna. He says that at Vera Cruz, Santa Anna distinctly repudiated that he was sustained by the United States, and that [illegible] he voluntarily placed himself in the hands of the Liberals. Mr. Seward, therefore, declines to interfere in the matter.

MR. STEVENS' DEVOTION TO PRINCIPLE.

An incident came to our knowledge the other evening, in the course of a casual conversation with a friend, which strikingly illustrates the consistency and devotion to principle which has always marked the character of Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, and which, more than anything else, has given him the commanding position he now occupies as a statesman before the nation and the world.—Although making no special professions of piety, Mr. Stevens has always practically recognized what all Christians admit in the abstract to be a fundamental principle of Christianity, that "God is no respecter of persons, but in every nation he that feareth Him, and worketh righteousness, is accepted with Him;" that "He hath made of one blood all the nations of men to dwell on the face of the earth;" and that "the rich and poor meet together, and the Lord is maker of them all." Hence he has, throughout a long and eventful public life, consistently contended for the Equality of all men before the law. Time was when to hold these views was fatal to a man's popularity, but Mr. Stevens made no account of this. Conscious that he was right, and believing that the truth of God and the rights of Humanity would eventually triumph, Mr. Stevens adhered to his principles "through good and evil report," and to-day he has the proud satisfaction of seeing the loyal millions of America standing shoulder to shoulder with him in the vindication of the great principles of Equal Rights and Exact Justice to all men, irrespective of color, nationality, or social condition.

The incident which suggested these reflections is thus related to us: Several years ago, when the Lancaster Cemetery was incorporated, Mr. Stevens purchased two lots, for which a deed was duly executed. Some years later, in looking over his papers, he noticed, for the first time, the clause prohibiting the interment of colored people in the Cemetery. He at once reconveyed the lots to the Company, with his reasons, and asked that they be put upon the record. A short time ago he purchased a couple of lots in Wood Hill Cemetery, and when the deeds were handed to him he noticed a similar clause excluding the burial of people of color. The brave old man declared that he could not consent to have his bones laid in a Cemetery where any of God's children were excluded for no fault of their own, and he promptly returned the deeds.—He then, only a few days ago, selected a lot in "Shreiner's Cemetery," where no such distinction is made among the dead, and there will the dust of the Old Commoner repose—not, we trust, however, until he has seen the great work of reconstructing the nation, on an enduring basis of Liberty and Equal Rights, which he has so long and so consistently labored for, triumphantly consummated.

History records no instance of sublimer devotion to principle than is exhibited in this incident in the private life of Mr. Stevens.—*Lancaster Express.*

A FACT.—The States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois have all emerged from the crisis of the war with diminished debts.—We not only decreased our debts but our taxes also, and did it amid the flame and fury of war. And why? The answer is plain and clear. Because the reins of the Government were in the hands of the friends of the country. The affairs of the State were managed by men devotedly and enthusiastically loyal. In their hands our honor and credit are safe. This is the secret of it all.

ADVICES from the seat of the Indian war inform us of another bloody and hard contested fight at Fort Wallace, Kansas. The fort is in Western Kansas, almost on the one hundredth parallel, and about ten miles beyond the present terminus of the Union Pacific Railway, and has now endured two successive attacks within a few days of each other. Over twenty-five per cent. of the garrison were killed and wounded—a very heavy proportion. One of the leading Cheyenne chiefs was killed in the last fight.

THE VOTE IN LOUISIANA.—Official returns of the number of persons registered in Louisiana to the 1st of July show that out of a total of 102,126 names there are only 33,376 whites, against 68,750 blacks, thus indicating a preponderance of two to one for the negroes upon political and social questions in relation to the reconstruction of the State. It is not considered probable that the relative proportion of whites and blacks registered will be changed when the lists are finally closed.

ADVICES from Mexico contain an interesting account of the surrender and occupation of the Capital. The disappearance of Marquez is confirmed. Ten thousand dollars reward is offered by the Juarez government for his capture, and he is reported to have about his person one million dollars in foreign exchange. The occupation of the city was made without disturbance, but few of the citizens being abroad to welcome the new arrivals, and only about one hundred out of the seven thousand imperial prisoners were to be found. Two filibustering expeditions to Mexico to avenge Maximilian are on foot in New York.

DESPATCHES from Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, state that a severe fight took place near Fort Wallace on the 26th ult., in which a detachment of the 8th Cavalry, commanded by Captain Albert Burrety, escorting a party of railroad engineers, was attacked by two hundred Indians, and after three hours fighting was driven back to the fort, loosing six men killed and a number wounded. An Orderly Sergeant was captured and fearfully tortured. His throat was cut, his arms and legs slit open, the muscles taken out, the breast cut open and the skull broken in. Thirteen colored soldiers had died at Fort Harker from Cholera.

A FAMILY SWEPT SUDDENLY AWAY.—The Rochester *Democrat* records a sad case of mortality in a neighboring village. A man named Freeman, with his wife and three children, lately arrived at Penfield, from England, and took up his residence with a relative. Mrs. Freeman was taken ill soon after her arrival, and died in three days, on the 17th of June. On the last day of June one of the children died, on the 1st of July another one, and on the 6th, the third and last child expired. Mr. Freeman finds himself in a land of strangers bereft of his entire family, four having died in three weeks. The disease was called typhoid fever, but is now spoken of as the black measles.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, who has recently made a tour through the South, in summing up his observations, expresses the belief that all the States now under military rule "will be speedily reconstructed, through the colored and sensible white vote; and what is more, three-fourths of all the members of Congress elected will be radical Republicans. Next year the South will have peace, plenty, and general prosperity—gifts for which they will be indebted to the firmness of Congress and a returning common sense among themselves." Truly, in view of all these facts, we may take courage for the future, and rejoice that the Republican party—the party of liberty, justice and humanity—is about at last to secure for the country and the world the full fruit of patient effort and unswerving fidelity to principle.

EUROPEAN despatches by the cable state that an American citizen named Stevens has been arrested in Paris, at the request of Portugal, and sent to Lisbon. The American Minister has demanded his release and return to France.

Local Items.

CHANCE FOR SOME ONE!

A FIRST-CLASS

Finkle & Lyon's

SEWING MACHINE,

WORTH $60,

And a Life Scholarship in Bryan, Stratton & Kimberly's

BUSINESS COLLEGE,

WORTH $50,

GIVEN AWAY!

WE will present to anybody sending us 30 NEW SUBSCRIBERS to the "STAR AND SENTINEL," one of Finkle & Lyon's first-class Family Sewing Machines, worth $60, and considered one of the best in the country.

To anybody sending us 25 NEW SUBSCRIBERS, we will present a Life Scholarship, available in any of Bryan's, Stratton & Kimberly's Business Colleges, worth $50.

Names may be sent in at once, and if the required number cannot be obtained, the person sending will be paid FIFTY CENTS in Cash for every one received. Those who intend to compete for these Premiums, will say so, when sending in the first name, that the proper record may be made.

The price of subscription ($2.00) must accompany every name.

GETTYSBURG BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

(*See Advertisements.*)

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

R. G. McCreary, York street, in residence.
D. McConaughy, Chambersburg street, in residence.
D. Wills, on Public Square, in residence.
A. J. Cover, Baltimore street, in residence.
D. A. Buehler, Baltimore street, in residence.

BARBER.

J. W. Tipton, N. E. cor. Public Square.

BAKERY.

Newport & Ziegler, Washington st. near Chambersburg

CONFECTIONS, ICE CREAM, TOYS, &C.

Ephraim Minnigh, Chambersburg st., opposite Christ's Church.
John Gruel, Chambersburg street, next to Eagle Hotel.
J. M. Warner, Baltimore street, first square.
S. M. Gilbert, Baltimore street, second square.

CARPENTERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Wm. C. Stallsmith, York street, first square.
Wm. Chritzman, West street, near Chambersburg.
Cashman & Rowe, Baltimore street, third square.

CARRIAGES, &C.

Danner & Ziegler, Middle street, near Baltimore.
Tate & Culp, Washington st., near Chambersburg.

CLOTHING.

W. T. King, York st., opposite Bank.
F. B. Picking, Baltimore street, first square.
T. C. Norris, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacobs & Brother, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacob Brinkerhoff, corner of York and Public Square.

COAL, LUMBER, LIME, &C.

C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets.
Jacob Sheads, on Railroad, West of Stratton.
Guinn & Reilly, corner of Stratton and Railroad.

DENTIST.

J. L. Hill, Chambersburg street, opposite Eagle Hotel.

DRUGGISTS.

A. D. Buehler, Chambersburg st., near Public Square.
J. S. Forney, Baltimore street, first square.
R. Horner, Chambersburg st., opposite Christ's Church.

DRY GOODS.

Fahnestock Brothers, cor. of Baltimore and Middle strs.
J. L. Schick, cor. Baltimore and Public Square.
Row & Woods, corner York and Public Square.
Duphorn & Hoffman, cor. Carlisle and Public Square.
Robert & Elliot, Balt. st. opposite the Court-house.
A. Scott & Sons, cor. Chambersburg and Washington sts.

FORGE AND FOUNDRY.

Bringman & Warren, West street.
David Stoever, West street.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSES.

Culp & Earnshaw, cor. Washington and Railroad.
W. F. Biddle & Co., cor. Stratton and Railroad.
McCurdy & Hamilton, Carlisle Street.

GROCERIES, &C.

J. M. Swan, cor. Chambersburg and Public Square.
Wm. Boyer & Son, York st., opposite National Bank.
Meals & Bros., Middle street, east of Washington.
Henry Overdeer, Baltimore st., third square.
Wm. J. Martin, cor. of Baltimore and High streets.
Hendricks & Warren, York street, first square.
S. M. Gilbert, Baltimore street, second square.
Fahnestock Brothers, cor. Baltimore and Middle streets.
Culp & Earnshaw, cor. Washington and Railroad streets.
W. F. Biddle & Co., cor. Stratton and Railroad streets.
McCurdy & Hamilton, Carlisle st.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

Danner & Ziegler, Baltimore street, first square.
Fahnestock Brothers, corner Baltimore and Middle strs.

HARNESS, &C.

D. McCreary & Son, Baltimore st. opposite Pres. Church.
J. M. Rowe, Baltimore street, third square.

HATS, CAPS, SHOES, &C.

S. S. McCreary, Chambersburg street, first square.
Row & Woods, corner of York street, and Public Square.
Jacob Brinkerhoff, corner of York st., and Public square.
T. C. Norris, Chambersburg street, first square.

HOTELS.

Eagle Hotel, J. L. Tate, proprietor, corner Chambersburg and Washington.
Keystone House, W. E. Myers, proprietor, Chambersburg street, opposite Christ's Church.

LIVERY STABLES.

N. Weaver, Washington st., north of Chambersburg.
T. T. Tate, Washington st., near Eagle Hotel.

MARBLE YARDS.

John Cannon, corner of Baltimore and Middle streets.
Meals & Brother, York-st., east of Stratton.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

C. J. Tyson, York street, opposite National Bank.
Levi Mumper, Baltimore st., first square.

PHYSICIAN.

J. W. C. O'Neal, Baltimore street, near High.

PRINTING OFFICE.

Star & Sentinel, Baltimore st., midway between the Court House and Public Square, west side.

STOVES, TINWARE, &C.

C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad.
S. G. Cook, York st., nearly opposite the National Bank.

ZOUAVE COMPANY.—The movement to get up a Zouave Company in this place had been taken hold of by our young men with an energy and zeal that give promise of a fine company. A meeting for organization was held in the Arbitration room on Friday night last—Sergt. WM. R. EYSTER presiding, and Capt. A. M. HUNTER acting as Secretary. The following persons were elected officers of the Company, viz:

Captain—Theodore C. Norris.
First Lieut.—John F. McCreary.
Second Lieut.—Jacob W. Cress.
First Sergeant—Wm. R. Eyster.
Treasurer—John H. Bushman.

Messrs. T. C. Norris, A. M. Hunter, Wm. F. Baker, D. L. McKenzie, and R. M. Schick, were appointed a Committee to draft Rules for the government of the Association; and Messrs. J. H. Bushman, W. D. Holtzworth and D. A. Skelly to solicit subscriptions and honorary members. The Commissioned Officers were authorized to select and contract for material for the uniform. We understand that the goods have already been ordered. This means work. The organization is in good hands, and we have no doubt that ere long our town will present a Military Company which will compare, in efficiency and soldierly qualities, with any in the State. The Members of the Company will meet in the Arbitration room on Friday evening, for drill and business.

THE FAIR GROUNDS.—The Managers of the Agricultural Society are energetically pushing the improvements on their grounds, fronting on West High street, and preparing for the Fair this fall. The trotting course is nearly finished, and will be one of the best in the State. The building for the exhibition of grains, fruits, vegetables, the smaller kinds of machinery, &c., is nearly or quite finished. The front enclosure is now being put up, leaving room for a pavement fifteen feet wide along the entire front. The main building will be commenced as soon as the lumber for it shall arrive, and the contract is that it be delivered during the present month.

The President and Managers will make every possible arrangement for a grand Fair—and they trust every part of the county will be represented by exhibitors as well as visitors. Now is the time to commence the preparation of articles for exhibition. Let there be a [illegible] and creditable display.

ORPHAN'S HOME.—In consequence of the increasing number of applicants for admission into the Orphan's Home, established at Bridesburg, Pa., by the German Reformed Church, the Board of Managers have determined to removed the institution to Manderbach's Spring, in Berks county, which property has been purchased, for $24,000. R. A. LYTLE, of this place, is one of the Teachers in the Home.

A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.—The Delaware *Tribune* says an old pamphlet, printed in 1764, has been exhibited at that office, entitled "A Declaration and Remonstrance of the distressed and bleeding Frontier Inhabitants of the Province of Pennsylvania, preferred by them to the honorable the Governor and Assembly of the Province, showing the causes of their late discontent and uneasiness, and the grievances under which they have labored, and which they humbly pray to have redressed." The "declaration" is simply a glowing statement of the condition of the frontier counties of Lancaster, York, (then including Adams,) Cumberland, Berks and Northampton, and of the Indian ravages on the inhabitants. The pioneer settlers in these parts had about the same trouble with the Indians 100 years ago, that the pioneers of the West complain of to-day. After all the sentimental poetry that has been written about the wrongs of the poor "lone Indian," the race is essentially a treacherous and cruel one, and the same story will be repeated, until they become extinct. This declaration furnishes an interesting reminiscence and helps us to appreciate more fully the almost marvelous progress our country has made during its comparatively brief national existence.

STOLEN.—On the night of the 7th, a horse was stolen from the stable of Dr. GOCHNAUER, of Abbottstown, Adams county. The thief or thieves also broke into the Dr's residence and stole therefrom two suits of clothing. Vigorous steps were taken as soon as the loss was known, which resulted in overhauling the thief, (named BRYAND,) with the horse in his possession, on Tuesday, somewhere in Baltimore county. BRYAND was committed to Towsontown jail, and Sheriff, HANN, of this county, notified accordingly. The Sheriff proceeded to Harrisburg on Thursday for the necessary requisition from the Governor upon the Governor of Maryland.

LINNÆAN HALL.—Rev. Dr. MORRIS, of Baltimore, last week re-arranged the Cabinet of Minerals and Curiosities Linnæan Hall of Pa. College. The Rebels in 1863 made havoc with many of the specimens and tore up things generally. Since then the Board of Trustees purchased a valuable collection of minerals in New York, at a cost of over $3,000, and Dr. MORRIS, who is thoroughly at home in these matters, undertook, by request of the Board, to re-arrange the entire Cabinet, assisted by Rev. Dr. HAY, and we need scarcely say that it was well done. A valuable addition to the Cabinet has recently been made by a lady of Germantown, who presented an extensive botanical collection.

PA. COLLEGE.—The Catalogue of this Institution for 1866-7, has been laid on our table, showing the number of Students in attendance during the year to have been 195—15 Seniors, 17 Juniors, 28 Sophomores, 48 Freshman, and 87 Preparatorians. If we mistake not, this is the largest enrolled number of students since the organization of the Institution, and shows it to be in a very prosperous condition. The catalogue is from the press of our neighbor, J. E. WIBLE, and is neatly gotten up—an improvement on those issued during the last few years. A cut, illustrating the College building and grounds, we should think, would pay expenses.

☞ The "Fourth" was celebrated at Lutherville, Md., SAMUEL SCHMUCKER, Esq., son of Dr. SCHMUCKER, of this place, delivering the oration. The Towsontown *Press* says it "was a most excellent one, rehearsing the civilization and governments of the old world, and attributing the [illegible] the decline and fall of ancient republics to the want of education and religion. It was a production above the common run of Fourth of July orations."

CANDIDATES.—Communications, announcing candidates for office, cannot appear, under our rules, without being paid, same as advertisements. A respected friend sends us an article recommending a very estimable young man for County Treasurer, which, under the rule, must be withheld for the present.

TEACHERS ELECTED.—The following persons have been elected Teachers of Common Schools for Gettysburg District, viz:

School No. 1.—Mr. J. Howard Wirt.
" " 2.—Miss Warren.
" " 3.— " Fannie McCreary.
" " 4.— " Jennie Gilbert.
" " 5.— " Emma Aughinbaugh.
" " 6.— " Mary J. McCreary.
" " 7.— " Nancy White.
" " 8.— " Sallie Frey.

NORMAL SCHOOL.—Mr. SHEELY, County Superintendent, will re-open his Normal School on the 19th of August. This Institution has proved a success, the applications last session exceeding the accommodations of the room.

EXAMINATION.—The County Superintendent to-day announces his appointments for examination of Teachers throughout the county, commencing with Straban on the 3d of August, and closing with Franklin, Oct. 12.

RED MEN.—The Grand Council of the Independent Order of Red men met in York yesterday. To-morrow (Thursday) there will be a parade of the Order in that place.

SOLD.—Prof. MUHLENBERG has sold his residence on Baltimore street to the Presbyterian congregation of this place, for $3,660. It will be used as a Parsonage.

AFFIRMED.—The Supreme Court has affirmed the judgement in the case of NEELY vs. GRANTHAM, from this county, Justice AGNEW dissenting. The judgemnt in the Court below was for the Plaintiff, (GRANTHAM.)

☞ Mr. A. MARSHALL, of Straban township, was engaged on the 3rd inst., in picking cherries. The limb upon which he stood, snapped off, and he fell to the ground. In the fall Mr. MARSHALL's chin hit the top of a post by which he broke the jaw-bone.

ASSESSMENTS.—Collector ASHCOM gives notice in another column that he will be at the Eagle Hotel, on Thursday and Friday, Aug. 1 and 2, to receive income taxes. &c.

☞ Two valuable cows, while in the pasture field of Mr JOSEPH SHAFFER, residing in Conowago township, were killed by lightning on the 3rd inst.

ADVERTISING is to trade what Oil is to machinery. It causes business to run smoothly. It informs the people in regard to that in which they are most interested, how and where to purchase what they want.

☞ J. W. HORNER of Parkersburg, West Va., says that Dr. H. Anders' Iodine Water cured him of Scrofula. He had 37 running Ulcers when he commenced taking the medicine. Persons afflicted should make a note of this, and send to J. P. DINSMORE, 36 Dey Street, New York, for a circular concerning this remarkable remedy. 1t.

WHY DO YOU use "Barrett's Hair Restorative"? Because I have tried all others, and find my hair in *too many colors*. 1t

"WITH FOUR METALLIC QUALIFICATIONS a man may be pretty sure of earthly success. These are GOLD in his pocket, SILVER in his tongue, BRASS in his face, and IRON in his heart."

But for a tonic appetizer, and a gentle stimulant, there is reliable virtue in PLANTATION BITTERS. No article has ever been so popular or done so much good. Let all who have not already tried this great stomachic, at once test its quality. We understand that the Druggist and Grocers of this section are selling vast quantities,—and that scarcely a family is without it.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price.

July 10.-2t

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

Baltimore.

A SON of John W. Bull, aged 12 years, was drowned in the Gunpowder Falls, while bathing, on the 3rd inst.

ON Thursday morning the engineer of the Southward bound express train discovered a man lying across the track of the Northern Central railway, near the Gunpowder bridge, and upon stopping the train to remove him discovered that he was dead. His head was badly crushed. He was recognized as John Rhor, a brakesman in the employ of the company, who had left the city on a train at 11.45 the previous evening. It is supposed he was knocked off his train by the bridge.

Carroll.

Rev. JESSE STEINER, of Walkersville, Md., has accepted a call from the Lutheran congregation at Taneytown.

Franklin.

MR. Joshua Lane, residing near Mercersburg, was bitten in the hand by a copperhead snake. He went to his stable to feed his horse, and reaching into a barrel for an ear of corn, the snake which was concealed in the barrel, bit him in the hand.

REV. John A. Kunkleman has resigned the pastorate of the Lutheran Congregation in Chambersburg, and accepted a call from a Lutheran Congregation at Fort Wayne, Indiana.

A number of mad dogs have recently made their appearance in Franklin county. Dogs and cattle have been bitten.

THE corner stone of the new Lutheran church in Mercersburg, will be laid on the 20th instant.

Frederick.

THE Banks of Frederick, Md., have brought suit against the City corporation to recover the $200,000 taken from them by the Rebels, under Early, in July 1864.

HARATIO WATERS, a soldier in the war of 1812, died in Frederick on the 3rd, aged 72 years.

Lancaster.

THREE men were shot in an affray at the Donegal House, in Marietta, on the 5th, in an affray between some of Robinson's circus troupe and citizens. Wounds serious, but none fatal.

Washington.

A lodge of Good Templars was organized in Hagerstown on the 8th inst.

JOHN REIBDREY, aged 19, was drowned in the Antietam, whilst bathing, on the 7th inst.

THE 1st National Bank of Hagerstown has declared a Dividend of seven per cent. upon its Capital Stock for the last six months, making fourteen per cent. for the year.

ON the 4th inst., the extensive establishment of the Hagerstown Manufactory Company was struck by lightning and set on fire. The flames were extinguished without material injury.

ON the night of the 4th, the Stable of David Anthony, on the Leitersburg Turnpike, was struck by lightning, and entirely consumed, together with its contents.

EXTENSIVE arrangements are being made for the dedication of Antietam Cemetery, in September. The President and Cabinet, with distinguished soldiers and civilians, will be invited. Over 5,000 bodies have been removed to the cemetery. A monument is to be erected to cost $30,000.

York.

AN effort is being made to establish a Lodge of Red men in Hanover.

A SON of J. S. Geist, of Hellam township, fell from a cherry tree on the 5th, fracturing his thigh bone.

THE Wrightsville *Star* has passed into the hands of Messrs. Frank J. Magee and Calvin G. Smith.

A SON of HENRY SMITH, of Freystown, was run over by the York and Wrightsville train on the 9th, one leg being cut off and the other badly mashed. He lived but a few hours.

Two cows, belonging to Mrs. Eyster and Capt. John Myers, of York, were run over and killed by the Express Train on the Northern Central Railway, on last Saturday.

A SON of Samuel Quiggle, of Dover township, had one of his legs nearly cut off, near the ankle bone, by a mowing machine, on the 3rd inst.

MR. Jacob Trone, of Hanover, lost thirty turkeys in three days, and several farmers residing near town have lost large numbers of chickens and turkeys from a disease that prevails among poultry in that neighborhood.

The "*Sentinel*" Books having been closed a settlement of the accounts is expected.—I therefore, ask of all those indebted to me for subscription, advertising, &c., to call with me and arrange a settlement of their accounts.—My books are at the old office of the *Sentinel*.

R. G. HARPER.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.-tf

The death of Mr. McILHENNY, and change in the Proprietorship of the *Star*, renders it necessary that all arrearages for subscription, advertising and job work, be closed up, without unnecessary delay. Each subscriber can ascertain the amount of indebtedness on subscription, by reference to the printed slip, indicating the date to which he has paid. Parties knowing themselves indebted will please forward at once the amount due to the undersigned.

D. A. BUEHLER,

Administrator of Estate of J. T. McIlhenny.

☞ Bear in mind that the INDIAN DOCTOR will be at the Eagle Hotel, in Gettysburg, from the 23rd to the 30th inst. All suffering from chonic diseases, and desiring to know their condition, will please call at his room and be thoroughly examined, by electricity and the stethoscope, after which he can tell to a certainty whether a cure can be effected or relief given. See "Special" column for remarkable cures performed by the Doctor.

July 17.-2t

FOR SALE.—A small two-story Dwelling House on Chambersburg street. For further particulars inquire at this office.

INTELLIGENCE from the different Southern States all go to show that the freedman are anxious to fulfil the requirements of the laws that enable him to use the ballot. Up to Saturday evening in Richmond 5,041 whites and 6,160 colored persons had registered, giving the latter a majority of 1,119. In Atlanta, where registration has closed, the colored voters have a majority of 181 votes. At Mobile, on Saturday, 266 whites and 1,424 colored persons had their names recorded. In Savannah there were 1,464 white and 2,235 colored persons registered up to Friday evening last. General Sickles has suspended registration in the Carolinas, and is awaiting the action of the present session of Congress. Gen. Grant informs Gen. Pope that paroled Rebel officers have no right to attempt to prevent the settlement of the Southern question in accordance with the recent action of Congress, and when they openly counsel people to resist the execution of the Reconstruction acts they violate their parole. He decides that the parole given on their surrender requires them to return to their homes and obey the laws, and also that they refrain from inciting others to neglect or resist the laws of the United States.

A church is to be built in London, which will commemorate the abolition of slavery and be a memorial to Abraham Lincoln.

THE total loss of the Austrian Army, in the late war with Prussia, was 74,041 officers and men, or over one fifth of the whole number put into the field.

PEPPER.—Pepper is an almost universal condiment. Black pepper irritates and inflames the coating of the stomach. Red pepper does not ; it excites but does not irritate. Consequently it should be used instead of black pepper. It was known to the Romans, and has been in use in the East Indies for time immemorial, as it corrects that flatulency which attends the large use of vegetable food. But to those with weak, languid stomachs, it is manifestly more healthy to use cayenne pepper at meals than any form of wine, brandy, or beer that can be named, because it stimulates without the reaction of sleeping or debility.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

STATEMENTS have being going the rounds that General Sickles had compelled the recent marriage of a white man, Thornton, in Fayetteville, to a negro woman. The last Fayetteville *News*, alluding to the matter, says that the whole affair was done under no compulsion by the military or any other agency. An order was granted by Gen. Sickles, giving permission and authority for the marriage to to take place, but it was coupled with an express disapprobation of the step to be taken.

THE new residence of Senator Cornell, at Ithica, will cost $400,000. A few years ago Mr. Cornel was raising "truck" on the banks of Cayuga Lake for a living.

THE Newsboys of Philadelphia were provided with a dinner at the new Ledger building on the Fourth of July, at one o'clock, a portion of the building being set apart for them.

MARRIED.

FRY—RAUENZAHN.—On the 11th inst., at the Lutheran Parsonage in Arendtsville, by Rev. M. Snyder, Mr. George W. Fry, to Miss Addie E. Rauenzahn, both of Bendersville.

JEFCOAT—SHULTZ.—On the 8th inst., at the Lutheran Parsonage in Arendtsville, by the Rev. M. Snyder, Mr. Emanuel Jefcoat, to Miss Catharine Shultz, both of this county.

MARSHALL—FISHER.—On the 2d inst., by Rev. W. P. Orrick, Lieut. James M. Marshall, U. S. Army, to Miss Catharine, daughter of Hon. R. J. Fisher, of York.

ZIEGLER—HARMAN.—On the 15th inst., at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. W. R. H. Deatrich, Mr. William T. Ziegler, of Westminster, Md., to Miss Rebecca S. Harman, of this place.

DIED.

☞Obituary notices 3 cents a line for all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notice.

LENTZ.—On the 7th of July, Mr. John Lentz, in his 50th year.

NEFF.—At the Alms-house, on Friday morning, Mrs. Neff, at an advanced age.

[Communicated.

REBECCA SADLER, widow of Richard Sadler, died at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr S. Bender, near Bendersville, Adams co., July 12th, 1867, in the 87th year of her age. In early life she was converted to God, and united with the M. E. Church, in which she lived, until called from the Church militant to that triumphant. Mother Sadler was one of the oldest and most honored members of this charge. She was indeed a bright and shining light in the Church and community. She was a true Methodist of the old Asbury type. Her house was the home of the weary itinerant, while making his long round on his hard, laborious circuit.—Many of the older ministers will recollect with pleasure and feelings of gratitude the kindness of our departed mother in Israel.

The summons of death was sudden and unexpected. She was not ill more than an hour. But she was ready to depart in peace and holy triumph. Her last words, while crossing Jordan, were "Glory to God."—Thus this noble woman fell asleep in Jesus, for whose coming she had been looking—who should change her vile body, that it might be fashioned like unto His glorious body, according to His working whereby He is able to subdue all things to Himself.

"Life's labor done, as sinks the day,
Light from its load the spirit flies,
While heaven and earth combine to say—
How blest the righteous when they die."

J. M. CLARKE.

Review of the Markets.

GETTYSBURG GRAIN AND PROVISION MARKET.

Gettysburg, Wednesday Morning.

Super Flour	$11 50@12 00	Apples	$0 00@0 00
Extra Flour	13 50@13 50	Potatoes	65@ 70
Rye Flour	7 00@ 8 00	Butter	16
White Wheat	2 00@ 2 60	Lard	10
Red Wheat	1 75@ 1 80	Eggs	16
Corn	80	Bacon, Hams	14
Rye	1 00	" Sides	10
Oats	60	" Shoulders	10
Buckwheat	80	Peaches	10@ 15
Timothy Seed	2 50	Cherries	2 00
Clover Seed	6 00	Apples	6
Flax Seed	2 25	Blackberries	12
Plaster Paris	17 50	Soap	6@ 7
Hay per ton	16 00@18 00	Tallow	8

BALTIMORE PRODUCE MARKET.

BALTIMORE, *Monday Morning.*

FLOUR.—We quote as follows, viz: Howard Street Super, winter, at $9.50@$10.50; do. standard Extra at $11@$12.50; do. high grade do at $13@$13.50; Northwestern Super, spring, at $7@$8.50, and do. Extra at $9.50@$10.50 per bbl. Rye Flour sells at $7.75@$8. but Corn Meal may be quoted to-day at $5.50@$5.75 per bbl. The last sales were at $5.50 per bbl.

GRAIN.—The receipts of Wheat are slowly increasing. Red sold at from 240 to 300 cts., and white at from 260 to 290 cts. Corn was in good demand. The receipts were about 10,000 bushels, most of which changed hands at 114@118 cts. for white, 114@115 cts. for Southern yellow, and 112 cts. for Western do. A small lot of Rye sold at 140 cts., and we note sales of 1,200 bushels Oats at 90 cts., at which figure they were firm.

PROVISIONS.—The market continues active and very buoyant. We have reported to-day sales of Bulk Sides at 12½ cents, and for Bulk Shoulders 10¾ cents was offered and refused. The sales of Bacon, rib Sides at 13¾ cents, clear rib do. at 14 cents. Shoulders at 11¼ cents. Hams range in price from 18 to 22 cents. Mess Pork is held firmly at $24 per bbl. Lard we quote at 12@12¼ cents for City, and 12¾@13 cents for Western.

Special Notices.

WONDERFUL! WONDERFUL!

The INDIAN DOCTOR will again be in Gettysburg, at the Eagle Hotel, from Tuesday, the 23d, until Tuesday, the 30th of July inst. He can be found in his room all hours of the day. He detects the most obstinate cases, with electricity and the Stethoscope, and can tell for a certainty whether a cure can be effected or relief given. Examination and consultation free of charge.

Many persons who have been considered incurable, have been entirely cured, and others greatly relieved, by his BOTANICAL TREATMENT and ELECTRICITY.—His practice is in harmony with all the laws of the God of Nature. Many eminent Physicians of every other practice, not only acknowledge the powers of the Botanical practice, and the virtues of Electricity, but receive the treatment for themselves, as well as recommend it to their patients. The following are the names of some of the most remarkable cures made in extremely obstinate cases by the Doctor, in Gettysburg, Waynesboro' Newville and Carlisle; Miss Agness Snyder, of Adams county, cured of deafness of five years standing; Mrs. E. Little, nervous affection, Gettysburg; John McKesson, greatly improved of deafness and affection of the liver, near Millerstown, Adams county; John Grove, cured of deafness; Miss Charida Hill, nearly blind of opthalmia of the eye, Taneytown, Md.; Mrs. Pilkey, cured of scrofula of the eye, at Carlisle; Edward Richter, Chambersburg, cured sound of consumption; Mr. Martinthrall, cured of consumption, which had been pronounced incurable; he is now well and at work at Waynesboro'; Albert Mills, consumption contracted while in the army—perfectly cured; Samuel Shaffer, cured of affection of the lungs; Wm. Shirey, consumption; Martin Lego, suffered for years with consumption and night sweats cured; Mrs. Merrick, cured of consumption; Mr. Logan, greatly relieved of affections of the lungs and liver; Mr. Strickhouser, of Seven Valley, York county, cured of affection of the eye; Miss Hary Bayley, cured of liver complaint and female debility; 'Squire Billman, cured of excess of blood rushing to the head, of five years standing; Mrs. Doctress Williams, cured of lameness of the hand by a few applications of electricity; Mrs. Atherton, cured of dyspepsia of 20 years and palpitation of the heart; she is now stout and hardy, in Shippensburg; Mr. Weist, cured of a bad case of Rheumatism, at Newville, Pa.; Levi Piper, suffered for years with scrofula in his eyes, had to relinquish farming—he has been entirely cured by the Doctor and has resumed farming—at Newville; Mrs. Terry was dying at the point of death with dropsy and affection of the lungs, was entirely cured; Michael Landis, cured of dyspepsia; Mr. Smith, cured of falling fits; Mary Lease was bedfast with consumption, never expected to recover, was cured and is now well and hardy.

Many other remarkable cures, which for want of room must be omitted, but can be seen at the Doctor's room.

Bear in mind that the Doctor treats consumption by the wonderful healing process of inhalation.

July 17.—2t.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE.

AMHERST, MASS., Oct. 13, 1867.

Mr. Grace—Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted grievously for several weeks with a severe abscess upon my side, I used several remedies for its eradication without receiving any relief, until I applied your salve, which effected a speedy and permanent cure. I therefore feel happy to certify my confidence in its virtues.

Yours with respect,

JAMES BEAN.

I certify to the truthfulness of the above statements
H. S. DEARBORN, M. D.

SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston, Proprietors.
Sold by all Druggists, at 25 cts. a box. By mail 35 cts.
June 6, 1867.—1m

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the Great Diuretic.
HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA
Is the Great Blood Purifier.

Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made.
Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

Special Notices.

REMEDIAL INSTITUTE
FOR SPECIAL CASES
NO. 14, BOND STREET, NEW YORK.

☞Full information, with the *highest testimonials* also, a Book on *Special Diseases, in a sealed envelope* sent free. ☞*Be sure and send for them, and you will not regret it; for, as advertising physicians are generally impostors, without references no stranger should be* trusted. Enclose a stamp for postage, and direct to DR LAWRENCE, NO. 14 BOND ST., NEW YORK.
Nov. 14, 1866.—1y

COLGATE & CO'S ERASIVE SOAP.

COLGATE & CO'S
GERMAN
ERASIVE SOAP.

Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers. [May 16, 1867.—1y

PERUVIAN SYRUP.

A PROTECTED SOLUTION OF THE PROTOXIDE OF IRON, supplies the blood with its LIFE ELEMENT, IRON, giving strength, vigor and new life to the whole system.

If the thousands who are suffering from DYSPEPSIA, DEBILITY, FEMALE WEAKNESS, &C., would but test the virtues of the PERUVIAN SYRUP, the effect would not only astonish themselves but would please all their friends; for instead of feeling cross, "all gone" and miserable, they would be cheerful, vigorous and active.

A DISTINGUISHED JURIST WRITES TO A FRIEND AS FOLLOWS:

I have tried the PERUVIAN SYRUP, and the result fully sustains your prediction. It has made a NEW MAN of me infused into my system new vigor and energy; I am no longer tremulous and debilitated, as when you last saw me, but stronger, heartier, and with larger capacity for labor, mental and physical, than at any time during the last five years."

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

The genuine has "PERUVIAN SYRUP" blown in the glass. A 32 page pamphlet will be sent free.

J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor.
No. 36 Dey st., New York.

Sold by all Druggists. [July 3, 1867.—1m

SCROFULA.

The REV. GEORGE STORRS, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says, in the Bible Examiner, by way of apology for publishing a medical certificate in his magazine, of the cure of his only son, of Scrofula, "after dissolution appeared inevitable." "We publish this statement, not for pay, but in gratitude to God who has answered prayer, and in justice to Dr. Anders; being satisfied that there is virtue in the Iodine Water treatment, which the readers of this Magazine will thank its Editor for bringing to their notice."

Circulars free.

Dr. H. Anders' Iodine Water is for sale by J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor, 36 Dey st., N. Y., and by all Druggists.
July 3, 1867.—1m

NO. 4.

R. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS. A SUBSTITUTE FOR CALOMEL.

These Pills are composed of various roots, having the power to relax the secretions of the liver as promptly and effectually as blue pill or mercury, and without producing any of those disagreeable or dangerous effects which often follow the use of the latter.

In all bilious disorders these Pills may be used with confidence, as they promote the discharge of vitiated bile, and remove those obstructions from the liver and biliary ducts, which are the cause of bilious affections in general

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS cure Sick Headache, and all disorders of the Liver, indicated by sallow skin, coated tongue, costiveness, drowsiness, and a general feeling of weariness and lassitude, showing that the liver is in a torpid or obstructed condition.

In short, these Pills may be used with advantage in all cases when a purgative or alterative medicine is required.

Please ask for "Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills," and observe that the two likenesses of the Doctor are on the Government stamp—one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other in his present health.

Sold by all Druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents per box. Principal office, No. 15 North 6th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

General Wholesale Agents; Demas Barnes & Co., 21 Park Row, New York; S. S. Hance, 108 Baltimore street Baltimore, Md.; John D. Park, N. E. cor. of Fourth and Walnut str., Cincinnati, Ohio; Walker Taylor, 134 and 136 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Illinois; Collins Brothers, southwest corner of Second and Vine sts., St. Louis, Mo
Nov. 8, 1866.—wemly

A YOUNG LADY

returning to her country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the City, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a course, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the CIRCASSIAN BALM and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any Lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentleman can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be, clear, soft smooth and beautiful. Price $1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order by

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y.

The only American Agents for the sale of the same.
Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY,

and all diseases of the
URINARY ORGANS,
whether existing in
MALE OR FEMALE,
from whatever cause originating and no matter of
HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS,
and

that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by
H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
504 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

KNOW THY DESTINY.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychometrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. Box 223, Hudson, New York. [Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

A NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF.

PHALON'S "NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS."
PHALON'S "NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS."
PHALON'S "NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS."
PHALON'S "NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS."
PHALON'S "NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume, distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name. Manufactured only by

PHALON & SON, New York.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
July 12, 1866.—eowly.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, COUGHS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

June 5, 1867.—1y

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. [Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash.
Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

New Advertisements.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN pursuance of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county and to me directed, will be exposed at Public Sale, at the Court House, in Gettysburg, on *Saturday, the 10th day of August next*, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Abraham Trostle, Joseph Sherfy, Samuel Herbst, John Socks, Michael Bushman and others, containing 236 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-Story Stone DWELLING HOUSE, a one and a half story Stone Back-building attached, a large Bank Barn, with the necessary Sheds attached, Hog Stable, Wash House, Smoke House, Spring House, well of water with pump in it; also an Apple and Peach Orchard. The farm has about 60 acres of timber and a sufficient quantity of meadow. The Road from Gettysburg to Emmittsburg runs through the farm.—Seized and taken into execution as the real estate of George W. Rose.

Also, A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Nicholas Codori, George Weikert, Abraham Trostle, and others containing 21 ACRES, more or less. The land is all cleared and under fence. Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of Henry C. Neinstedt, Sr., deceased, in the hands of Henry C. Neinstedt, Jr., Executor of said decedent.

PHILIP HANN, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, July 15, 1867.

☞Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down, [illegible]
July 17.—ts.

New Advertisements.

A BOUNTY ACCOUNT
OF FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

FEBRUARY, 1864.

DR.

Quota to fill the first call, (1864) 37 volunteers, at $150 each	$5,550 00
Six men drafted, $150 each	900 00
Expenses for putting in volunteers	122 00
Half per cent. for Treasurer	19 44
Two per cent. for collecting	78 30
Exonerations	74 65
	$6,744 39

CR.

Tax collected	$3,964 50
Per capita tax	683 00
Bond to Samuel Bucher	217 00
Balance carried forward to second call	1,859 89
	$6,744 39

August.

DR.

Quota to fill second call for 1864, amount paid for 38 volunteers, at $300 each	$10,800 00
Exonerations on Henry Hartman's duplicate	464 30
Amount brought forward from first call	1,859 89
Two-thirds expenses $188 85 allowed	125 90
Money paid for stamps	8 00
Half per cent. for Treasurer	25 91
Two per cent. for collecting, H. Hartman	103 66
Two per cent. for collecting, J. Deardorff	146 95
Treasurer, half per cent	36 73
Exonerations on J. Deardorff's duplicate	47 95
	$13,619 29

CR.

Amount of tax assessed Jan. 1865	$5,183 38
Amount of tax assessed Jan. 1866	7,395 46
April 12th, 1867, balance carried for second call	1,040 45
	$13,619 29

FEBRUARY 23d, 1865.

DR.

Amount paid 38 volunteers, at $400 each	$15,200 00
Amount carried forward from second call	1,040 45
Expenses allowed for filling quota	525 48
Stamps and interest	142 50
Half per cent. paid to Treasurer	29 58
Paid auditors and room	8 50
Interest paid on bonds	2,836 18
Refunded money to Henry Hartman	216 27
	$19,998 96

CR.

Amount collected on duplicate of 1867	$5,816 00
Balance due	$14,182 96

AMOUNT COLLECTED BY SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Second call 1864—36 volunteers cost	$5,129 00
Amount subscribed	4,291 00
Deficiency on second call	838 00
Amount not collected	50 00
	$788 00
Amount subscription for 3d call, 38 vols	$5,471 00
38 volunteers cost by subscription	3,830 00
	1,641 00
Amount not collected	178 00
	1,463 00
Amount brought down from second call	788 00
	675 00
Amount paid for interest and collection	489 42
Balance in hands of Treasurer by subscription	$185 58

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Franklin township, having audited the Bounty Accounts, do certify that they are correct to the best of our knowledge and belief.—Witness our hands the 15th day of June, 1867.

SAMUEL BUCHER,
H. J. BRINKERHOFF,
JACOB MARK,
Auditors.

July 17, 1867.—3t

BOUNTY ACCOUNT.

STATEMENT of the Bounty Account of OXFORD DISTRICT, Adams county, Pa., SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

1864. DR.

To cash received from Association of enrolled men of district	$1,772 88
From taxable citizens on assessment subsequently legalized by act of Assembly	992 37
From Loans	6,000 00
	$8,765 25

1864. CR.

By cash paid to 43 volunteers credited to district	$8,600 00
Expenses incurred in securing volunteers	29 45
Mrs Fleming on note	100 00
H. J. Kuhn, E. Kellenberger and E. Slagle, services	20 00
Stamps	2 71
Paid to Treasurer per D. M. Myers	13 09
	$8,765 25

A. SHEELY, TREASURER.

1864. DR.

To cash per H. Felix, collector's duplicate, No. 1	$2,064 01
1865.	
A. Felix, collector's duplicate, No. 2	2,867 85
1866.	
Solomon Brown, collector's duplicate, No. 3	3,353 86
D. M. Myers, Sec'y	13 09
Jno. Reed, loan	600 00
	$8,898 81

CR.

By cash refunded to association of enrolled men	$200 00
Paid to Treasurer of bounty fund for volunteers	190 50
Jacob Hull, for Lewis Miller, volunteer	200 00
J. S. Diehl, for substitute, principal and interest	224 00
H. S. Myers, for substitute, principal and interest	204 15
Jos. Stough, expenses of election, "Bounty or no bounty"	10 00
C. Zinn, tax refunded	2 80
Jacob Martin, Hotel bill	9 30
A. Sheely, stamps	2 50
McGuire & Chritzman, searching Military Record	10 09
M. & W. McClean, counsel fees	25 00
H. J. Stahle, printing	7 00
H. J. Kuhn, for services in full to date, Jan. 8, 1866	45 37
P. A. Myers, Sec'y	16 60
H. Felix, fees as collector, in full	41 51
A. Felix, " " "	57 93
S. Brown, " " "	66 68
A. Sheely, Treasurer's fees in part	58 00
Loans and interest thereon	6,546 17
	$8,918 91
Balance due Treasurer	20 10
Fees due Treasurer	31 12
Making bounty debt of district which is due Treasurer	$51 22

The undersigned, Auditors of Oxford township, have examined the above accounts and find them correct as per vouchers to us exhibited.

FRANCIS CLUNK,
JOSEPH CLUNK,
JAMES M. ROBINSON,
Auditors.

New Oxford, June 26, 1867.—3t—July 17.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber, as agent for the heirs, will sell at Public Sale, at the City Hotel, in Frederick, on SATURDAY the 10th of AUGUST, 1867, at 2 o'clock, P. M., that beautiful and highly productive FARM, known as the homestead of the late Jacob Wildrick, deceased, now in the possession of his heirs. This Farm contains

136 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less. It is laid off into 6 fields, with access to running water from each field; a fine meadow, with a beautiful stream of pure soft water running through it. A survey and plot of the Farm will be made out previous to the day of sale, which will be exhibited on that day. This Farm adjoins the lands of William Smith, Philip Culler, Joshua Zimmerman and Jacob Lewis.

There are about 30 Acres of very heavy timber, such as Black Oak, White Oak, Hickory and Walnut. I can cut from a Hoop Pole to a Mill Shaft. The Land is principally Limestone; a good Kiln near to the Rock. This Farm lays 3 miles south-west of Frederick city, on the road leading from Frederick to the Point of Rocks. This Farm is considered by all that has been on it to be one of the most beautiful Farm situations in the county. The improvements consist of a fine BRICK HOUSE, two stories high, 71 feet 6 inches by 26 feet 6 inches, laid off into 8 fine Rooms and large Hall, with two fine Balconies above and below; there is also a fine Cellar. This House is built of the very best material, every door, sill and window sill from bottom to top is dressed stone, which will last forever; there is not a crack in the Building; it has a southern exposure, the Sun rising in the yard in winter and summer. A splendid new Bank Barn, 70 by 40, a double threshing floor; Stabling for 12 Horses and 16 horned Cattle, with a fine entry passing from each Stable and Feeding Room; a new Corn Crib, with double Wagon Sheds, with Wash House, Dairy and Smoke House, a fine Barricks for Hay, a Hog Pen, and all necessary out buildings. A fine

YOUNG ORCHARD,

now in full bearing; also, Peaches and Cherries in abundance. This Farm has a Marl Bank on it that answers as a fertilizer forever. There are three Flouring Mills within one mile of this Farm. One Mill and Saw Mill adjoins the Wood Land; the front of the Timber is a quarter of a mile from the Mill. A fine well of pure water in the yard, and two fine Gardens.

The Timber on this Farm will pay one-fourth of the purchase money.

This is a fine summer residence for a gentleman that wishes to live in the city in winter, as the house is very large.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-half cash on the day of sale, the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest from day of sale.

[illegible], Agent for the Heirs.
July 17.—ts

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE.

NOTICE.

THE annual Assessment for Adams county of all persons liable to Tax on Income [illegible] Special Tax on [illegible] Business, having been completed, [illegible] that the Taxes assessed [illegible] will be received at the Eagle Hotel, in Gettysburg, ON THURSDAY and FRIDAY, AUGUST 1st and 2d.

PENALTIES.

ALL persons who fail to pay their Annual Tax prior to the [illegible] day of AUGUST, will be duly notified of their neglect, for which a fee of twenty (20) cents and [illegible] cents for each mile traveled in serving the notice, will be charged. Persons doing business without having paid a Special Tax therefor, are liable to a penalty of three times the amount of said Tax, a fine of Five Hundred Dollars and Imprisonment [illegible].

[illegible]
Hopewell, Pa., July 17, 1867.

New Advertisements.

ADAMS COUNTY NORMAL SCHOOL.

THE FALL TERM of the Adams County Normal School will open AUGUST 19th, and continue nine (9) weeks. Tuition $[illegible], invariably in advance. [illegible] will be refunded to any who may be compelled to leave on account of personal sickness. Board and lodging can be had in private families at reasonable rates. Early application should be made.

AARON SHEELY.

Gettysburg, July 17, 1867.

SUPERINTENDENT'S NOTICE.

I WILL examine Teachers at the following named times and places, viz:

Straban, Hunterstown, August 3, 9 a. m.
Reading and Hampton, Hampton, August 3, 2 p. m.
Hamilton, East Berlin, August 9, 9 a. m.
Berwick Bor., Abbottstown, August 9, 2 p. m.
Berwick twp., Elder's S. H., August 10, 9 a. m.
Oxford, New Oxford, August 10, 2 p. m.
Butler, Middletown, August 12, 9 a. m.
Menallen, Bendersville August 13, 9 a. m.
Tyrone, Heidlersburg, August 14, 9 a. m.
Huntington, Petersburg, August 15, 9 a. m.
Latimore, State Road S. H., August 15, 2 p. m.
Conowago, McSherrystown, August 16, 9 a. m.
Union, Schildt's S. H., August 16, 2 p. m.
Littlestown, August, 17, 10 a. m.
Germany, Gulden's S. H., August 17, 2 p. m.
Freedom, Moritz's S. H., August 24, 9 a. m.
Highland, Church S. H., August 31, 9 a. m.
Hamiltonban, Fairfield, September 7, 9 a. m.
Liberty, Grayson's S. H., September 14, 9 a m.
Cumberland, Normal School room, September 21, 9 a. m.
Mountjoy, Two Taverns, September 28, 9 a. m.
Mountpleasant, Brush Run, S. H., October 5, 9 a. m.
Franklin, Hilltown, October 12, 9 a. m.

It is very desirable that Directors should attend these examinations. The public are also invited to attend.—It will be seen that a few of the appointments are a little earlier than usual, the reasons for which will be given at the proper time.

AARON SHEELY,
Co. Supt.

Gettysburg, July 17, 1867.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the Estate of DAVID E. COOK, late of Menallen township, Adams county, Penna., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned residing in said township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to call and make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

THOMAS E. COOK,
GEORGE H. COOK,
Executors.

July 17.—6t

COUNTY TREASURER.

The undersigned will be a candidate for *County Treasurer*, subject to a nomination by the Republican County Convention. If nominated and elected, he pledges himself to discharge the duties with fidelity and impartiality

DANIEL TRIMMER.

Gettysburg, Pa., July 3, 1867.—tt

LUMBER, COAL,
STOVES, TIN-WARE, &C.

CORNER OF CARLISLE ST. AND THE RAILROAD,
GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

AN IMMENSE STOCK!

IN order to give the public something like an adequate idea of the immense stock of Lumber, Coal, Stoves, Tin-ware, &c., &c., on hand and for sale by the undersigned, at his establishment, in Carlisle st., across the Railroad from the Passenger Station, he would enumerate as far as the limits of a newspaper advertisement will allow :

IN THE LUMBER LINE:

Boards and Plank of every grade, from cullings to panel, Joists and Scantling, pine and hemlock, Siding, planed and unplaned, Flooring, Shingles, Shingle Laths, Plastering Laths, Pickets, ready-made Doors and Sash, Blinds and Shutters,—in fact, everything used for building purposes.

IN THE COAL LINE:

Shamokin White Ash and Lykens' Valley Red Ash, these two varieties being the purest and best for all domestic purposes. Also the very best Broad-top and Allegheny Smith Coal.

IN THE STOVE LINE:

Waverly, Noble Cook, Royal Cook, Barley Sheaf, Oriental, Stewart's Cook, Ornamental, Excelsior, Prince Royal and the Emerald Cooking Stoves, all for coal or wood.—These varieties are a selection from the best and most popular Cooking Stoves the market affords, and are all warranted to give entire satisfaction. Also, a very large variety of Parlor, Saloon and Shop Stoves, for coal or wood, including the celebrated Morning Glory, the Vulcan, Oval Meteor, Round Meteor, Dial, Violet, Gem, Regulator, Comet, Egg, New Egg, Parlor Cook, &c., &c.—Fire Brick and Grates, for coal or wood, always on hand.

IN THE TIN-WARE LINE:

The assortment embraces everything necessary for kitchen or household purposes, including a large number of convenient yet cheap articles of new design which must be seen to be appreciated. The stock is so large and varied that those who have not visited the establishment have no conception of its extent. In addition to the ordinary kitchen utensils, it includes Bathing Vessels, Toilet Chamber Sets, plain and fancy, Chamber Buckets, Bread and Spice Boxes, Tea and Coffee Canisters, Deed Boxes, Spittoons, Tumbler Drainers, Bill-head Boxes, Waiters, Ale Carriers, Water Coolers, Slaw Cutters, Nurse Lamps, Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Patent Nutmeg Graters, Comb Cases, Gen. Grant Plates and A B C Plates, Ash-Buckets, Flour Sleeves, Bird Cages, Spout Heads, Coffee Mills, Lanterns, Basting Spoons, Large Forks, Candle Sticks, Candle Moulds, Copper Dippers, Wrought-iron Frying Pans, Smoothing Irons, Foot Scrapers, Coffee Roasters, Waffle Irons, Snuffers, Dinner and Auctioneer Bells, Egg Beaters, Oilers, Fluted Funnels, Coal Sieves, Glass-top Fruit Cans, Plain-top Fruit Cans, Self-sealing Jars, &c., &c. Tin-ware made to order, and repairing promptly attended to, by the best of workmen.

IN THE HOLLOW-WARE LINE:

Cast-iron Pots, of every size and variety, for stoves, Porcelain Kettles, for cooking and preserving, Tin-lined Kettles, for ditto, Cast-iron Stew Pans, of every size and variety, Porcelain and tinned, with a thousand and one other articles impossible to enumerate in an advertisement.

Attention is specially directed to three valuable patents for which he is agent, and about which there is no humbug, as can be attested by scores who have used them, viz: THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES-WRINGER, DOTTY'S WASHING MACHINE, and the celebrated DIAMOND CHURN.

The public are invited to call and examine goods and prices. He guarantees to sell everything in his line at exceeding low figures. Come and see, to gratify your curiosity, if you do not want to buy. No trouble to show goods.

C. H. BUEHLER.

July 3, 1867.—tf

COTTAGE HILL
FEMALE COLLEGE.

This Institution is located at York, Pa. The next term will begin SEPTEMBER 3d and continue twenty weeks. The buildings and grounds are large and attractive, and superior advantages are afforded in all departments of instruction.

We refer to our patrons, among whom are Gov. Geary, Bishop Glossbrenner, Rev. J. H. Menges, Thomas E. Cochran, Esq., J. B. Baughman, John Miller, H. B. Bittinger and Rev. J. C. Smith.

For catalogue and full particulars apply to

REV. D. EBERLY, A. M., Principal.

July 10.—1m*

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Proposals will be received by the Board of School Directors of Huntington township until SATURDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF JULY INST., at 5 o'clock, P. M., for the building of a new School House in said township, at which time said Board will meet in the School House in Petersburg, Y. S. Plan and specifications can be seen by calling on C. A. PEACOCK residing in Petersburg.

By order of the Board,
JONATHAN MILLER, President.

JAS. DAVIS, Secretary. [July 10.—td

ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF THE GETTYSBURG SCHOOL DISTRICT,
For the Year ending June 1st, 1867.

EDWARD G. FAHNESTOCK, Treasurer, in Account with the Gettysburg School District.

DR.

To balance on Duplicate of 1866	$141.02
Amount of Duplicate of 1866	3,114.10
Temporary Loan	1,000.00
Tuition received during Term	87.25
State appropriation for year ending June 1, '66	310.37
Balance due Treasurer	64.40
	$4,267.14

CR.

By balance due Treasurer last settlement	$287.02
Temporary loan paid	[illegible]
Amount paid Teachers	2,087.00
Interest paid	145.67
Repairs	20.30
Fuel and Contingencies	329.65
Janitor, part payment	80.00
Balance due on duplicate 1865 (J. Stentz)	141.02
Abatement, duplicate 1866	100.60
Collection, duplicate Jeremiah Culp	100.53
Exonerations	64.38
Balance due on duplicate 1866	561.14
Treasurer's commission	26.38
	$4,267.14

Published by Order of the Board.

A. J. COVER, *President.*

JOHN F. McCREARY, *Secretary.* [July 10.—3t

QUARTERLY REPORT
OF 1ST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.
GETTYSBURG, July 1st, 1867.

RESOURCES. DR.

Loans and Discounts	[illegible]
Furniture and Fixtures	[illegible]
Premiums, Expenses, &c.	[illegible]
Due from National Banks	[illegible]
U. S. Bonds	[illegible]950.00
Cash	[illegible]
	$[illegible]4,020.24

LIABILITIES. CR.

Capital paid in	[illegible]
Surplus Fund	[illegible]
Circulation	[illegible]
Deposits	116,578.50
Due to National Banks	[illegible]
Discount, &c.	1,363.58
	$[illegible]4,020.24

I certify that the above is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

July 10.—3t

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has now thoroughly repaired his GRIST AND SAW MILL, known as "McILHENNY'S MILL" on Marsh creek, and is prepared [illegible]

June 12, 1867.—3t [illegible]

Legal Notices.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, having been appointed by the Orphans' Court of Adams county, Auditor, to distribute the balance on the Account of Catharine Miller, Administratrix c. t. a. of PHILIP MILLER, deceased, as filed by her legal representatives—also the balance on the Account of [illegible], Administrator de bonis non c. t. a. of PHILIP MILLER, deceased—to and among the parties legally entitled thereto, will attend for that purpose at his office, in Gettysburg, on MONDAY the 5th day of AUGUST next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of which all parties in interest are hereby notified.

July 10.—3t [illegible] BUEHLER, *Auditor.*

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

The County Commissioners take this method of informing the Tax-payers of Adams county that the State Authorities no longer allow abatement for early payment of State Taxes—but add five per cent. to the quota of each county that does not pay by the 1st of August. The Commissioners therefore give notice that in order to meet this demand, Tax-payers throughout this county will be expected to pay on or before the 15TH DAY OF JULY NEXT—otherwise five per cent. must be added by the Collectors in all cases.

By order of Commissioners,
J. M. WALTER, Clerk.

May 29, 1867.—td

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm of GARDNER & BROTHER, of Petersburg, Y. S., is hereby dissolved.

All persons indebted to said firm, will please make payment without delay. Either partner is authorized to use the name of the firm in the settlement of the business.

J. A. GARDNER,
J. W. GARDNER.

HAVING disposed of my stock of Merchandise to Messrs. Hartman & Sadler, and in retiring from a successful business career of nearly *eighteen years*, I hereby return my grateful acknowledgements to my friends and customers for their liberal patronage, and cheerfully recommend to their generous encouragement, my successors, Messrs. Hartman & Sadler.

J. A. GARDNER.

April 18, 1867.—tf

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the Estate of Rev. Dr. KRAUTH late of Gettysburg Borough, Adams county, Penn., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned residing in the same borough, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HARRIET B. KRAUTH.
Executrix.

June 19, 1867.—6t

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of DANIEL FIDLER, late of Straban township, Adams county, Penna., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE BOYER, Adm'r.

June 12.—6t*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of DAVID GARDNER, late of Latimore township, Adams county, Penna., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to call and make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN WOLFORD, Executor.

June 12, 1867.—6t*

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of EDMUND D. MENGES, late of Crawford county, Ohio, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JEREMIAH W. DIEHL, Adm'r.

June 26, 1867.—6t*

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

NEW GOODS
AT
REDUCED PRICES,
ELEGANT CALICOES
At 12 1-2 Cents,
GOOD MUSLINS
At 12 1-2 Cents.
ALL KINDS OF GOODS AT PRICES
DEFYING COMPETITION.

Call at once and buy some of the cheap Goods now opening
AT FAHNESTOCKS.

May 29, 1867.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

J. L. SCHICK invites the attention of his friends and Customers to his large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS

Comprised in part of
French Merenoes,
All Wool Popins,
All Wool Delaines,
All Wool Plaids,
Plain Poplins,
Black and Fancy Silks,
Tamise Cloths,
Black and Colored Alpaccas,
Black Cloths and Cassimeres,
Fancy Cassimeres,
Cassinets,
Jeans,
Flannels of all kinds,
Gloves and Stockings

Also a fine assortment of Ladies' FURS AND SHAWLS, as well as an abundant variety of Notions, all of which will be sold cheap for the cash

May 29, 1867. J. L. SCHICK.

Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
INCORPORATED MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock
Executive Committee—Rob't McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS.

George Swope,	Gettysburg
D. A. Buehler,	"
R. McCurdy,	"
M. Eichelberger,	"
S. R. Russell,	"
E. G. Fahnestock,	"
A. D. Buehler,	"
R. G. McCreary,	"
Jacob King,	Straban township
A. Heintzelman,	Franklin. "
Wm. D. Himes,	New Oxford.
Wm. B. Wilson,	Bendersville.
H. A. Picking,	Straban township.
John Wolford,	Latimore.
John Picking,	East Berlin.
Abel T. Wright,	Bendersville.
Abdiel F. Gitt,	New Oxford.
Jas. H. Marshall,	Hamiltonban township
John Cunningham,	Freedom. "
John Horner,	Mountjoy "
Wm. Ross White,	Liberty "

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 16 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to $13,300—$[illegible],500 of which have been paid during the last three years. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

INSURE YOUR PROPERTY.

THE FARMERS' AND MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY, OF YORK, PENNA.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Penn'a. in 18[illegible].

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL	$100,000 00
CAPITAL PAID IN	40,000 00
AVAILABLE ASSETS	52,974 17

INSURANCE can be made in this Company at as low rates as are consistent with the security of the Company and the parties insured, and on as accommodating terms as with any Company in the country.

No premium notes are taken, consequently no assessments will be made on its Policies.

This being an inland Company, no risks will be taken in the large cities.

More than half of the entire stock is owned by its Officers and Directors, which is a guarantee that its affairs will be [illegible].

All losses promptly adjusted and paid without any delay.

Applications made through the Post Office, from any part of the country, will meet with immediate attention.

Office [illegible] BUILDING, Centre Square, York, Pa.

President—HENRY WELSH.
Vice President—DAVID E. SMALL.
Directors,
[illegible]
David E. Small.
[illegible]

HENRY A. PICKING, Agent, Gettysburg.
F. M. W. BOWER, " York Springs.

$20.00 AGENTS WANTED [illegible] to introduce our NEW PATENT STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. [illegible] pecuniary inducements to Agents. For [illegible] address,

DUMONT & WILSON,
620 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

June 19, 1867.—3m [illegible]

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

TERRIBLE SLAUGHTER!

IN the prices of all kinds of Ready-made Clothing, to be convinced you have but to call at
PICKING'S

HATS AND CAPS!

THE Largest, Best and Cheapest Stock of Fashionable Hats and Caps, in Adams county.
at NORRIS'.

TO LOOK GENTEEL,

BUY your suits at the Cheap Store of
PICKING'S

EIGHT-DAY,

THIRTY-HOUR and Alarm Clocks at
PICKING'S

WHAT'S DOWN?

WHY Coats, Pants and Vests at
PICKING'S

GOOD FOR THE EYES,

TO call, and look through the extensive stock of all kinds of Coats, a variety of Pants and neat styles of Vests at PICKING'S

NEW AND CHEAP CLOTHING
AT BRINKERHOFF'S

STACKS OF THEM!

J. BRINKERHOFF, corner of the Diamond and York street, has just returned from the city with an unusually attractive assortment of CLOTHING FOR SPRING & SUMMER WEAR, which he will sell at such prices as cannot fail to take them off very rapidly. Call and judge for yourselves.—To look at the excellent material, tasteful cutting, and neat and substantial sewing, and then to get his low prices—callers cannot help but buy, when they see it so much to their interest to do so.

He has Coats, Pants, Vests, of all styles and materials, Hats, Boots and Shoes;

Shirts, of all kinds, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars Suspenders, Brushes, Combs,

Trunks, Valices, Umbrellas, Pocket Knives, Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Pipes, Stationery, &c.; Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, with a thousand and one other articles, entirely too numerous to detail in a newspaper advertisement.

He asks the attention of the public to his new stock, confident that it will please—and no one can or will sell cheaper. Don't forget the place—corner of York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.

May 29, 1867. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

HATS, CAPS, FURS.

S. S. McCREARY

Has just opened a new assortment of HATS and CAPS, of the latest style and fashion, which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices and lower than the same goods can be had in the city. Call and examine his stock, at his old establishment on Chambersburg street, opposite Buehler's Drug Store.

Gettysburg, June 5, 1867.—1y

MERCHANT TAILORING.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS,

and other materials for Men's Wear, furnished and made up, to order, on short notice.

SATISFACTION WARRANTED.

Work also solicited from Customers, who purchase their Goods elsewhere.

W. T. KING,
York street, opposite the Bank.

June 12, 1867.—1y

GREAT REDUCTION
IN PRICES OF
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,
AT
J. C. ZOUCK & SON'S,
NEW OXFORD, PENN'A.

We have just returned from the City where we bought a very large and well selected stock of goods suitable in our line under the late decline. Our stock consists in part of Plain all Wool De Laines, Challie De Laines, Calicoes, Plaids, Bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cassimeres, Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans, Linens. A large lot of Ladies' Balmoral Gaiters, plain and tipped Morocco Shoes.

A complete assortment of Groceries at low rates. Hardware such as Tire Iron, Spring, Shear, Blister and Cast Steels, Horse Shoes, Horse Shoe Bar, Nail Rods, Hammered Iron, Nails, Spikes, Shovels, Spades and Forks, Door Locks, Pad Locks, Latches, Hinges, Screws, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Grindstones, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c., China and Queensware by the set.

We invite the public to give us a call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere as we are determined to sell. Thankful for past patronage we hope to merit the same in the future.

June 12, 1867.—6m J. C. ZOUCK & SON.

New Goods!
CHEAP—CHEAPER—CHEAPEST!

IF you wish to buy good and cheap Goods, call at JACOBS & BRO'S. STORE, near Myers' Hotel, in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg. They have the very best selection of goods, such as CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, &c., the market can produce, and are determined to sell them as cheap as can be sold anywhere in town or country. Any person wishing to have them cut out, can have it done free of charge.—Those desiring Goods made up, can also be accommodated. We warrant the best work and the best fits to be had anywhere. No humbug in what we say.

We have on hand the very best most durable SEWING MACHINES, and are always ready to wait on purchasers. Full satisfaction given as to operating machines.—Call and examine. We warrant them to be the best in use.

May 29, 1867. JACOBS & BRO.

ANOTHER VETO
BY NORRIS,
CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES
AS CHEAP AS BEFORE THE WAR.
ALSO
Anything in the Gentleman's furnishing line.
Can be found at the Cheap Store of
T. C. NORRIS.

May 29 1867.—tf

C. SOMERS & SON,
809 CHESTNUT STREET,

Call the attention of the public to their stock of

FINE CLOTHING,

Also, to the large assortment of new-style piece goods for

SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR.

Our Measure Department is so organized that gentlemen can feel every confidence that the garments obtained will be made in the

BEST MANNER AND LATEST STYLE.
C. SOMERS & SON.

April 18, 1867.—3m

P. T. BARNUM'S (Patent)
ELASTIC STRAP AND BUCKLE,
FOR
PANTS, VESTS and DRAWERS.

This little invention is just out, and as it is no "humbug" is meeting with a rapid sale. It can be applied in a moment to any garment, by any person, causing it to fit perfectly.

It admirably prevents tearing the straps and buckles of the clothes, and also allows perfect freedom of the body while working or taking exercise.

For sale by tailors and the trade generally. Send 25 cts. for strap, circulars, terms to agents and the trade, to the BARNUM E. S. & B. CO.
650 Broadway, New York.

Agents Wanted in every county.

June 5, 1867.—3m

Stoves, Tinware, &c.

TIN-WARE AND STOVES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF TIN-WARE IN THE COUNTY [illegible]

S. G. COOK'S,

(Formerly Andrew Polley's), also some of [illegible]

[illegible]

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A. SCOTT & SONS have just received a large and fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting in part of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of [illegible]

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. We ask the Public to give us a call and judge for themselves. We defy competition both as to quality and price.

May 29, 1867.—tf A. SCOTT & SONS.

ROW & WOODS,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
HATS, CAPS,
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

ROW & WOODS
Have fine Alpaca, Mohair, Leno, Poplin, Lawn and DeLaine Dress Goods.

ROW & WOODS
Have Calicoes, in great variety, at 8 cents a yard and upwards.

ROW & WOODS
Have Bleached and Unbleached Muslins at 10 cents a yard and upwards.

ROW & WOODS,
Have Domestic Ginghams, Flannels, Checks and Shirtings at greatly reduced prices.

ROW & WOODS
Have Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Stockings, Gloves and Handkerchiefs of finest styles.

ROW & WOODS
Have Parasols and Fans, which, for beauty and cheapness, "can't be beat."

ROW & WOODS
Have Table Linen, Towling, Cambrics, Jaconets, Brilliants, Swiss and other White Goods.

ROW & WOODS
Have Cloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloth, Sack Flannel, &c., as "cheap as the cheapest."

ROW & WOODS
Have Hats, for Men and Boys, in great variety, of the latest styles, at the lowest prices.

ROW & WOODS
Have Shoes and Gaiters, of best quality, made to order, of latest style, at lower prices than the same quality can be bought elsewhere.

May 29, 1867.—tf

WORTH KNOWING!
CHEAP DRY GOODS!
AT THE
NEW STORE
OF
WENTZ, OVERBAUGH & CO.,
ON
BROADWAY, HANOVER, PA.

In the Room formerly occupied by J. E. Cremer & Son.

HAVING just returned from the Eastern cities, where they have bought a large and well selected Stock of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,

They are now prepared to offer to the public Goods of every description usually kept in a first-class Dry Goods Store, at

LOWER RATES

Than they have been since the war.

☞They invite all to call and examine their Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞Remember their Stock is entirely new, and bought since the last

GREAT DECLINE
IN PRICES

WENTZ, OVERBAUGH & CO.

May 29 1867.—tf

CALL AT THE
NEW STORE!
OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE,
Gettysburg, Penn'a.

NEW GOODS
AND LOW PRICES!

The undersigned have opened a new Dry Goods Store, in Kendlehart's building, directly opposite the Court-house, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, and start with a splendid stock, embracing everything to be found in a first-class establishment. Bought for cash, and at the latest decline, we can offer bargains that must astonish every one. Come and see for yourselves, and you will find what we here say verified. With good Goods, small profits, and fair and square dealing, we shall endeavor to deserve, what we most respectfully ask, a liberal share of public patronage.

We offer a fine assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Jeans, Cottonades, Vestings, Gloves, Suspenders, Neck Ties, and everything else in the Gentlemen's line.

For the Ladies we have SILKS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, Bereges, Lawns, Delaines, Ginghams, Calicoes, Gloves, Parasols, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Hosiery, White Goods, with whatever else may be called for.

Also, a large stock of MUSLINS, Sheetings, Tickings, CARPETING, QUEENS-WARE, Umbrellas, Window Shades, &c., &c.

Call at the New Store, opposite the Court-house, and examine the stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

May 29, 1867. REBERT & ELLIOTT.

GREAT REDUCTION
IN PRICES OF
DRY GOODS,
CARPETS, NOTIONS, &C., &C.

THE undersigned are just opening an immense stock of Goods suitable for Spring and Summer Wear. Call and see them. Calicoes from 10 cents to 18, and everything else in proportion.

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN,
N. W. Cor. Diamond or Square.

May 29.—tf

LOOK TO
YOUR INTERESTS!

AT the south end of Main street, Fairfield, Adams county, Pa., can be found an assortment of

NEW GOODS
at reduced prices,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS

of all kinds; Calicoes at 10 per yard, Muslins 12½ cents per yard;

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR

proportionately cheap.

ALSO CHEAP GROCERIES,

Sugar at 10 cents per pound, and other things in proportion. Determined not to be undersold, and considering it a pleasure to show goods, we extend an invitation to all. Come and see our stock, as we believe it will be to your interest to call before purchasing elsewhere.

May 29, 1866.—3m DANNER & SHIELDS.

FINE FANCY FURS.

CHAS. A. HERPICH,
497 Broadway & 37 Maiden Lane, N. Y.
IMPORTER, MANUFACTURER
AND SHIPPER OF
FURS.

[illegible]

Highest price paid [illegible] SHIPPING FURS.
[Dec. 12, 1866.—1y

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of Fall and Winter Clothing just received at PICKING'S.

THE north-west corner of the square Gettysburg, Pa., is the place to buy cheap Goods.—Call and satisfy yourself. DUPHORN & HOFFMAN.

FRESH arrivals of Dry Goods, Notions, &c., &c., every week at Duphorn & Hoffman's on the North-west corner of the Square.

CALL AND SEE, the large stock [illegible] Western corner of the square, Gettysburg, Pa.

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN

LADIES wanting a good article of Perfumery, Fancy Soap, or Hair Brushes, can be supplied [illegible]

Real Estate Sales.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE
AT PUBLIC SALE.

In pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams County, the undersigned, Trustee appointed for the sale of the Real Estate of Daniel Newman, late of Franklin township, dec'd, will expose to Public Sale, on the premises, ON SATURDAY the 27th day of JULY, inst., at 1 o'clock, P. M., the VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND, situate in Franklin township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Daniel Helges, Andrew Witter, John Bott, Noah and Ephraim Sheely, and Martin L. Miller, containing 36 ACRES, more or less. The improvements are a one-and-a-half Story, LOG DWELLING-HOUSE, a good Frame Barn, Hog Pen, Spring House, Cooper Shop, a thriving Orchard of Choice Fruit, and a never-failing well of water. Over five Acres are in good Timber, with good Meadow—all the cleared land being capable of cultivation, and in fair order.

This Farm is situate within less than a mile of Cashtown, on the old Hunterstown road, near a School-house, and convenient to Stores, Post Office and Churches.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by

July 10.—td PETER SHOLL, Trustee.

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

I offer for sale my FARM situated in Straban township, two miles east of Gettysburg, on the turnpike leading to York, and known on the old Trostle Farm. It contains 151 ACRES of good land, and is in a high state of cultivation. It has been thoroughly limed, and is in good repair. The fences are mostly of good locust posts and chestnut rails. There are about 20 ACRES in good Meadow, lying in three separate parts. There are also about 35 acres of thriving timber, and good springs of Water in every field except one. There is a new two-story BRICK HOUSE, and a Bank Barn over 100 feet long newly covered. There is an excellent Spring near the House; also a good well of water near the Barn.—About 6 Acres are covered with excellent grafted Fruit—Apples and peaches.

☞Any person wishing to purchase a good Home will do well to view this snug little Farm before purchasing elsewhere.

JOSEPH TROSTLE.

June 5, 1867.—tf

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

I offer at private sale at my residence in Tyrone township, one mile west of Heidlersburg, on the Menallen road, 100 ACRES OF GOOD LAND, on which are a two-story Log House, weather-boarded, and plastered Stone Kitchen, and Bank Barn. There is a good well of Water near the House; also two streams of never-failing water running through the farm. About 20 Acres are of young thriving TIMBER, with a never-failing Spring of running water thereon. There are about 24 Acres of good Meadow Land; also a good Lime Kiln on the farm, and a good ORCHARD OF FRUIT. The Farm has been limed three times within fifteen years. It is in a high state of cultivation, and is surrounded with Mills and Churches. There is a good School-house on the farm.

☞Any person wishing to see this Farm, or that on the York turnpike, will find me at home at all times.

June 5, 1867.—tf JOSEPH TROSTLE.

FARMS FOR SALE.

I will sell the Farms,

No. 1. Lying on the Harrisburg and Gettysburg road between York Springs and Heidlersburg, containing 121 ACRES, with improvements, now occupied by James Miller. Price [illegible] per acre.

No. 2. Lying on the Carlisle and New Oxford road, between Heidlersburg and New Chester, containing 145 ACRES, with good improvements, now occupied by George J. Shank. Price $[illegible] per acre.

Terms: One half to be paid on the delivery of the deed; the balance to suit the purchaser, either in cash or in first judgment Bonds of not less than $[illegible] for No. 1, and $400 for No. 2, to be paid annually with interest.

☞These farms are patented, lie handsomely and have been limed.

W. F. BONNER.

May 29, 1867.—tf

A FREDERICK COUNTY FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned, intending to remove West, offers his FARM at Private Sale. It is situated on Linganore creek, in Frederick county, Md., 14 miles east of Frederick city, 5 miles northwest of Mt. Airy Depot, on the B. & O. R. R., 3½ miles south of Unionville, and 4 miles southeast of Libertytown, containing 182 ACRES, 40 of which are in timber. The land is in good condition, adjoining limestone, and produces good crops. It has nearly all been limed over, some twice. There are some twenty acres of meadow or bottom land. The farm is well watered, Linganore running through it. The improvements are TWO HOUSES, one a Two story Log, and the other a Two story Frame, (new,) with a never-failing well of water at the door, Log Barn, large new Wagon and Carriage House, with Corn Cribs attached and Granaries above; a splendid young ORCHARD of choice fruit, just coming into full bearing, with different varieties of small fruits. Also, a Sorghum Mill and Evaporator, with house, and everything thereto, to carry on the business successfully.

Persons wishing to purchase are solicited to view the property by calling on the subscriber, residing thereon.

Persons wishing more information, or fuller particulars, either personally or by letter, I shall be pleased to answer them at any time. My Post Office address is Linganore, Frederick co., Md.

June 26, 1867.—6t* MICHAEL HOFF.

Banks.

$23,000,000.

THE NEW SIX PER CENT.
PENNSYLVANIA
STATE LOAN.
FREE FROM ALL STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

Will be furnished in sums to suit, on application to the nearest Bank or Banker; also by either of the undersigned.

JAY COOKE & CO.,
DREXEL & CO.,
E. W. CLARK & CO.,
Bankers, Philadelphia.

GETTYSBURG
NATIONAL BANK.

GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ALL ISSUES,
SEVEN-THIRTIES
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
bought and sold.

Orders for purchase and sale of
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,
promptly executed.

☞INTEREST allowed on SPECIAL DEPOSITS at 3 4 and 5 per cent., according to length of time of deposit.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

July 3, 1867.

THE
First National Bank of Gettysburg,
ALLOWS
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS
AS USUAL.
Buys and Sells all Kinds of
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD AND SILVER,
Converts 7-30 Notes into 5-20 U.S. Bonds.

☞Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

GEO. ARNOLD, *Cashier.*

April 11, 1867.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG will cash 5-20 and 10-40 U. S. Bonds, also 7-30 and Compound Interest Notes.

GEORGE ARNOLD, Cashier.

Oct 11, 1866.

QUARTERLY REPORT
OF GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK,
GETTYSBURG, July 1, 1867.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$117,205.45
U. S Bonds at Washington to secure circulation	200,000.00
U. S. Bonds on hand	21,150.00
Legal tender Notes	24,248.82
Due from other Banks	[illegible]
Real Estate	5,000.00
Cash Items	3,840.13
Expenses	[illegible]0.13
	$375,736.22

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	146,150 00
Circulation	130,000 00
Deposits	65,901 29
Profit and Loss	[illegible]
State Circulation	[illegible]
Discounts	[illegible]
Due to Banks	[illegible]
Dividends unpaid	1,687 73
	$375,736 22

I certify that the above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

July 3, 1867.—3t

DREXEL & CO.
34 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
[illegible]
PHILADELPHIA.

BANKERS,
AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
7-30s,
JUNE, JULY, AND AUGUST,
CONVERTED INTO
5-20s
Without charge, [illegible]
[illegible]

Commercial Colleges.

Iron City College

AND

National Telegraph Institute,

Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets,

PITTSBURG, PA.

The Largest, Cheapest, Best ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE IN THE UNITED STATES.

During the past ten years, upwards of [illegible] THOUSAND STUDENTS, Representing every State in the Union, have Graduated here.

A COLLEGE OF ACTUAL BUSINESS.

Supplied with Banks, Stores, Post Office, Commission [illegible], Insurance, Railroad, Steamboat, and Telegraph Offices, &c., combining

THEORY AND PRACTICE.

Students are thoroughly instructed in all the branches of

PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION,

including Book-keeping, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Political Economy, Business Correspondence, the Art of Detecting Counterfeit Money, Railroading, Steamboating, Telegraphing,

PRACTICAL BANKING, &c.

STUDENTS CAN ENTER AT ANY TIME,

And complete a full course in from EIGHT to TWELVE weeks.

FIFTY DOLLARS

Pays all expenses for Tuition, Books, Blanks, and Diploma.

NO EXTRA CHARGES

For Penmanship, Steamboating, Railroading, Banking or Diploma, as in other Colleges. Free Lessons daily in Penmanship to all students in the Commercial Department.

FOR CIRCULARS, giving full information, and containing a complete outline of our system of Practical Business Education, together with

TESTIMONIALS

from Practical Business Men, Merchants, Bankers, Book-keepers, &c.

Address the Principals,

SMITH & COWLEY,
Dec. 13, 1866.—1y Pittsburg, Penna.

DICKINSON

Com'l College

AT CARLISLE, PENNA.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO YOUNG MEN CONTEMPLATING A BUSINESS EDUCATION,

TO know that this Institution employs none but competent instructors in every department, and a sufficient number to insure individual instruction to all of its students, and being connected with "Dickinson College," enables it to present combined facilities of the highest order, while the current expenses attending a course here, are from 50 to $100 less than at similar institutions in large cities. *We think* that when these facts are properly understood by those who contemplate entering an institution of this order, they will not be long in deciding in favor of Carlisle.

The following course of Instruction should commend itself to all, who desire that kind of information most requisite to prepare them for any of the *business pursuits* in life.

BOOK-KEEPING.

Single and Double Entry as applied and practiced in the various departments of Trade and Commerce, and Banking Houses of the country.

PENMANSHIP.

Practical and Ornamental of superior Style—giving special attention to proper movement, in the formation and combination of letters, and thereby insuring to every student a good Current Hand.

BUSINESS ARITHMETIC.

Including the most approved and best adapted methods for all business calculations—Mental and Written.

ENGLISH GRAMMAR.

Taught with special reference to correct composition, without which no student will be qualified to assume the duties of a first class accountant.

MERCANTILE LAW.

Taught by Lectures, using [illegible] Treatise as a Text Book, embracing the most important legal information for a business man to possess.

BUSINESS FORMS AND CORRESPONDENCE,

are daily practiced in the Actual Business Department, where the students in connection with their duties conduct an extensive correspondence, and make out all Forms from a Receipt, to a Judgment Note.

SPECIAL BRANCHES.

Phonography or Short Hand Writing, Ornamental Penmanship, Pen Drawing, Telegraphing, Natural Philosophy, Geometry, Algebra, &c., &c.

We invite an impartial investigation of our facilities, for imparting sound instruction in the branches enumerated.

☞ Students enter at any time, and pursue their course without interruption.

☞ For further particulars, write and receive Circular.

Address, A. M. TRIMMER, Carlisle, Pa.
Feb. 21, 1867.

BUSINESS COLLEGE.

BRYANT, STRATTON & KIMBERLY'S

CORNER 10th AND CHESTNUT STREETS,

PHILADELPHIA.

YOUNG MEN

prepared for the Counting Room and Business life in general,

THEORY & PRACTICE

combined by means of Banks, Business Houses and the use of all kinds of Business Paper.

THIS INSTITUTION

is endorsed by the leading business men of the City.

STUDENTS RECEIVED AT ANY TIME.

COLLEGE OPEN ALL THE YEAR.

FOR PARTICULARS SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

June 19, 1867.—1y

Carpenters and Contractors.

WM. C. STALLSMITH,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

CARPENTER & CONTRACTOR,

Keeps constantly on hand and manufactures to order,

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS,

and any other *Article in the Building Line.*

Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.

☞ Orders promptly attended to.

June 5, 1867.—tf

G. C. CASHMAN. H. H. ROWE.

CARPENTERING.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have commenced the Carpenting in the Shop formerly occupied by George Schryock, deceased. We are prepared to do any work in our line of business and as responsible as any other establishment in Gettysburg.

We hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867.—tf CASHMAN & ROWE.

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY

AND ALL OTHERS

WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the

CARPENTERING BUSINESS

at his old stand in [illegible] street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for [illegible], of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced [illegible] always in readiness [illegible].

☞ Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

May [illegible], 1867. WM. [illegible]

Forwarding Houses.

W. K. BIDDLE. H. S. BENNER.

100,000 Bush. Grain Wanted.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WAREHOUSE. WM. K. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on

THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS,

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES.—On hand for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

They will run a LINE OF FREIGHT CARS from Gettysburg to Baltimore once every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity, at REDUCED RATES. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly in Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of Nathan Roop & Co., No. 128 North Howard street, near Franklin, Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

April 19, 1866.—tf BIDDLE & BENNER.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

FLOUR AND FEED.

GRAIN AND GROCERIES.

HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c., heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, we beg leave to inform the public that we are continuing the business at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market price for Flour, Grain and all kinds of produce.

Flour and Feed, Salt, and all kinds of Groceries, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

Plaster, and all kinds of fertilizers, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

☞ A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY MORNING, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 north Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call. CULP & EARNSHAW.

Aug. 9, 1866.

Livery Stables.

GETTYSBURG LIVERY, SALE & EXCHANGE STABLE.

THE Proprietor of these Stables, feeling thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, begs leave to inform the public that he continues the LIVERY BUSINESS at his old stand on Washington street, Gettysburg, near the Railroad, where he is prepared at all times to accommodate persons with anything in his line.

HORSES, COACHES, BUGGIES, &C.,

furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms, and competent drivers sent along if desired. Persons will be conveyed to other towns, or to any place in the country. His stock and Coaches are of the first class, and no pains will be spared to make passengers comfortable. He is prepared at all times to furnish coaches for funerals; and also to parties desiring to go over the Battle Field or to visit the Springs.

ALSO—HORSES AND MULES

will be bought and sold at all times. Persons desiring to purchase stock will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, as his stock is warranted to be as represented or no sale. He has a fine lot of Horses and Mules at present on hand which will be sold on reasonable terms. They are sound and free from disease, and are guarantied to work as represented. Persons will find it to their advantage to call at the old stand before hiring or purchasing elsewhere.

Aug. 3, 1866.—tf NICHOLAS WEAVER.

THE EAGLE LIVERY, SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE in this place, and is prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. He has provided himself with Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c, of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. His horses are all good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old cripples," but all of the "2.40" order.

Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to, and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."

☞ Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Funerals.

☞ We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes our establishment. T. T. TATE.

May 29, 1867.—tf.

Agricultural Implements.

BRINKERHOFF'S CORN SHELLER, SEPARATOR AND CLEANER.

The undersigned would inform the Agricultural public that he has purchased from the Patentee of this extraordinary machine, the Patent Right for the States of Pennsylvania and Maryland.

Brinkerhoff's Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner, is pronounced the best machine of the kind in this country. And in proof, it may be mentioned that the "Advisory Committee appointed to select Implements for exhibition at the Universal Exposition in Paris, in 1867, have selected this Sheller as the best in America," and at the request of J. C. Derby, U. S. Agent, a machine has been shipped to Paris for exhibition. One important feature in this machine is that it will shell ears large, small or crooked, perfectly clean, and separates the cob and chaff from the Corn ready for market.

The fact may also be stated that at the great trial of Agricultural Implements, at Auburn, N. Y., in July last, under the auspices of the New York State Agricultural Society, the Brinkerhoff Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner was reported by one of the most competent Committees as the best Corn Sheller out. They say, "We have carefully examined and thoroughly tested this machine, and have no hesitation in pronouncing it *the best Corn Sheller we ever saw.*" The report is signed by such men as John Stanton Gould, President N. Y. State Agricultural Society; B. P Johnson, Secretary to same; Solon Robinson, Agricultural Editor N. Y. Tribune; S. Edward Todd, Agricultural Editor N. Y. Times.

From among many complimentary newspaper notices, the following, from the N. Y. *Observer*, is deemed sufficient:

"Among all the Hand Corn Shellers made in New York and Albany—and one single firm manufacturers more than 10,000 annually—not one can enter the circle with the Sheller just invented by J. Brinkerhoff, Auburn, New York. It shells, separates and cleanses, rapidly and easily, at one operation, as fast as the ears can be put in the hopper."

The undersigned is now prepared to dispose of COUNTY RIGHTS. He will have SHELLERS ready for sale in the course of a month's time.

All letters to be addressed to

WM. WIBLE,
P. O. Box 246, Gettysburg, Pa.
Mar. 14, 1867.

Confections, Ice Cream, Toys, &c.

SOMETHING NEW IN GETTYSBURG

The undersigned has the pleasure of informing the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he is now prepared to supply them with the famous

CREAM SODA,

drawn from Dow's Soda Fountain, which has become so popular in the cities. If you have never tasted this delicious drink, you don't know what you have missed.—Try it. Once tasted, you will become a regular patron. I have also opened my

ICE CREAM SALOON,

with accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, and am prepared to supply private families, Parties, &c., on reasonable terms. Also, constantly on hand, fresh

CONFECTIONS,

Cakes, &c. Call at the old established stand on Chambersburg street, opposite the Lutheran Church adjoining the Keystone Hotel.

May 29, 1867.—3m E. H. MINNIGH.

Fresh Confectionery, &c.

THE subscriber calls the attention of the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, to his fine Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street.

Cakes, Candies, and every description of Confections together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of fruits always on hand.

Parties, public and private, as well as families will be furnished with all kinds of Cakes, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise,) and other refreshments at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it [illegible] entire satisfaction.

Call and see the Confectionery. JOHN GRUEL.

May 29, 1867.

TOYS, Notions, Marbles, &c., at J. M. WARNER'S.

GO and see J. M. Warner's Store.

FRESH CONFECTIONARIES at J. M. WARNER'S.

THE finest and freshest FRUITS, NUTS, &c., at J. M. WARNER'S.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, &c., at J. M. WARNER'S.

Sewing Machines.

FINKLE & LYON LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINE.

The only Machine so perfected that entire satisfaction is guaranteed or the purchase money refunded.

When we have no Agent a sample Machine will be sold at very low price, and a Local Agent appointed on the most favorable terms.

N. B.—Send for circular. Traveling Agents wanted—Salary, liberal.

FINKLE & LYON S M. CO.
587 Broadway, New York.
July 3, 1867.—6m

SINGER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINE

THE very best and latest improved machine in use, for sale at the CLOTHING STORE of JACOBS & BRO., in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, where you can buy the best and cheapest Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, and every variety of goods in the line of

MEN AND BOYS WEAR.

You can have them cut out and made up in the very best style if you wish, at moderate prices, and without any risk whatever. GEO. JACOBS & BRO.

Aug. 16, 1866.

THE HOWE MACHINE CO.'S SEWING MACHINES,

699 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

THESE World-renowned Sewing Machines were awarded the Highest Premium at the World's Fair, in London, and six First Premiums at the N. Y. State Fair of 1866, and are celebrated for doing the best work, using a much smaller needle for the same thread than any other machine, and by the introduction of the most approved machinery, we are now able to supply the very best machines in the world.

These machines are made at our new and spacious Factory at Bridgeport, Conn., under the immediate supervision of the President of the Company, ELIAS HOWE, Jr., the original inventor of the Sewing Machine.

They are adapted to all kinds of Family Sewing, and to the use of Seamstresses, Dress Makers, Tailors, Manufacturers of Shirts, Collars, Skirts, Cloaks, Mantillas, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Boots, Shoes, Harness, Saddles, Linen Goods, Umbrellas, Parasols, etc. They work equally well upon silk, linen, cotton or woolen goods with silk, cotton or linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid, bind and perform every species of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the article sewed.

The Stitch invented by Mr. HOWE, and made on this Machine, is the most popular and durable, and all Sewing Machines are subject to the principle invented by him. Send for Circulars.

SIBLEY & STOOPS, General Agents,
March 19, 1867.—1y No. 922 Chestnut St., Phila.

SEWING MACHINES!

THE GROVER & BAKER.

THE BEST IN USE.—These Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the late State Fairs, and are universally acknowledged to be the BEST in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch" and the "Shuttle Stitch" are points that have been attained by no other Machine.—They are the only Machines that sew and embroider with perfection. These Machines are peculiarly adapted to Family use. They are almost noiseless, sew directly from the spool without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are easy to manage, and can be worked by almost any child. Every family should have one. *They save labor, they save time, and they save money,* and do their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Fairfield, Adams co., where he will always have on hand a supply. Persons wishing to buy will please call and examine for themselves.

☞ Needles and Thread will also be supplied.

J. S. WITHEROW, Agent,
Aug. 16, 1866.—tf. Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

EMPIRE SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES are superior to all others for FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.

Contain all the latest improvements: are speedy; noiseless; durable and easy to work.

Illustrated Circulars free. Agents wanted. Liberal discount allowed. No consignments made.

Address EMPIRE S. M. CO., 616 Broadway, New York.
Sept. 6, 1866.—1y

Washing Machines.

DOTY'S CLOTHES' WASHER.

THE BEST IN MARKET.

READ THE FOLLOWING HOME TESTIMONY.

GETTYSBURG, PA., Jan. 8, 1866.

Having used DOTY'S CLOTHES' WASHER, and thoroughly tested it, we have no hesitation in endorsing it as the *Best* Washing Machine yet produced. It is simple in construction—is easily worked, and does its work well, without injury to clothing. An ordinary washing, requiring usually 8 to 10 hours labor at the Wash-tub, can readily be done with the aid of *Doty's Washer* and the *Universal Clothes' Wringer*, in one-third the time—economizing time, labor, soap, fuel, &c.—avoiding the necessity of wash-tubs, and enabling the person working to go through with a washing without wetting themselves or the floor. It really merits all the good that can be said of it. We do not think that any family, after fairly testing it, would dispense with it.

Mrs. D. A. BUEHLER,
" E. G. FAHNESTOCK,
" A. M. HUNTER,
" W. C. STALLSMITH,
" R. D. ARMOR,
" H. J. FAHNESTOCK.

FROM REV. L. SCOTT, BISHOP OF THE M. E. CHURCH,

January 18, 1866.

R. C. BROWNING—*Dear Sir:*—We like our Machine much; could not be persuaded to do without it, and with the aid of Doty we feel that we are masters of the positions. On one occasion, the clothes were prepared, but the washerwoman failed us. We were not to be defeated that way. I took hold (which of course I should not have if we had had no machine), and in 3½ hours we put through eleven dozen pieces; many of which were sheets, and they were well done, too. We wish you great success.

C. H. Buehler, corner Carlisle and R R street, is the agent for the sale of the Universal Wringer and Doty's Washing Machine, in Adams county, Pa.

May 29, 1867.

THE BEST WASHING MACHINE.

THE undersigned offers for sale, the TOWNSHIP RIGHTS of Adams county, for DE LONG'S PATENT, which is the CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST and BEST WASHER that has yet been offered to the public. The Rights will be sold on reasonable terms. This is a fine opportunity for energetic men to make GOOD WAGES manufacturing or selling these machines. A sample machine will be furnished any person who purchases a Right, if desired, at cost. Call at the store of Duphorn & Hoffman, N. W. cor. Square, where the machines may be seen and tried.

FRANK D. DUPHORN.
Gettysburg, June 26, 1867.—tf

Hoop Skirts.

J. W. Bradley's celebrated Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE SPRING) SKIRT.

THE WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and great COMFORT and PLEASURE to any LADY wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT will be experienced particularly in all crowded ASSEMBLIES, OPERAS, CARRIAGES, RAILROAD CARS, CHURCH PEWS, ARM CHAIRS, for PROMENADE and HOUSE DRESS, as the SKIRT can be FOLDED when in use to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a SILK or MUSLIN DRESS, an invaluable quality in crinoline, not found in any Single Spring Skirt.

A LADY having enjoyed the PLEASURE, COMFORT, and great CONVENIENCE of wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC STEEL SPRING SKIRT for a SINGLE DAY, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For CHILDREN, MISSES and YOUNG LADIES they are superior to all others.

They will not BEND or BREAK like the Single Spring, but will PRESERVE their PERFECT and GRACEFUL SHAPE when THREE or FOUR ORDINARY SKIRTS will have been THROWN ASIDE AS USELESS. The Hoops are covered with DOUBLE AND TWISTED THREAD, and the BOTTOM RODS are not only Double springs, but twice (or double) COVERED; preventing them from wearing out when dragging down stoops, stairs, &c.

The Duplex Elliptic is a great favorite with all ladies and is universally recommended by the FASHION MAGAZINES as the STANDARD SKIRT OF THE FASHIONABLE WORLD.

To enjoy the following inestimable advantages in Crinoline, viz: SUPERIOR QUALITY, PERFECT MANUFACTURE, STYLISH SHAPE and FINISH, FLEXIBILITY, DURABILITY, COMFORT and ECONOMY, enquire for J. W. BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC, or Double Spring Skirt, and be sure you get the genuine article.

CAUTION.—To guard against IMPOSITION be particular to NOTICE that skirts offered as "DUPLEX" have the red ink stamp, viz: "J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Steel Springs," upon the waistband—none others are genuine. Also Notice that every Hoop will admit a pin being passed through the centre, thus revealing the two (or double) springs braided together therein, which is the secret of their FLEXIBILITY and STRENGTH, and a combination not to be found in any other Skirt.

FOR SALE in all Stores where FIRST CLASS skirts are sold throughout the United States and elsewhere.

Manufactured by the Sole Owners of the Patent,

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,
97 Chambers and 79 & 81 Reade Sts., New York.
April 26, 1867.—3m

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

NEW SPRING STYLES, "Our own make."

EMBRACING every New and Desirable size, style and Shape of Plain and Trail Hoop Skirts,—2, 2¼, 2½, 2¾, 3, 3¼, 3½, 3¾ and 4 Yds. round, every length and size waist; in every respect First Quality, and especially adapted to meet the wants of First Class and most Fashionable Trade.

"Our own make," of Hoop Skirts, are lighter, more durable, and Really Cheaper than any other make of either Single or Double Spring Skirt in the American Market. They are Warranted in every respect, and wherever introduced give general satisfaction. They are now extensively sold by Retailers, and every LADY should try them.

Ask for "Hopkins' Own Make," and see that each Skirt is Stamped "W. T. HOPKINS, MANUFACTURER, 628 ARCH Street, PHILADELPHIA." No others are Genuine. A Catalogue containing Style, Size and Retail Prices, sent to any address. A Uniform and Liberal Discount allowed to Dealers. Orders by mail or otherwise, promptly and carefully filled—Wholesale and Retail, at Manufactory and Sale-rooms, No. 628 Arch Street, Phila.

Skirts made to order, altered and repaired. TERMS NET CASH. ONE PRICE ONLY.

March 28.—10m WM. T. HOPKINS.

Miscellaneous.

JUST PUBLISHED,

NEW WORK ON SINGING.

BASSINI'S

Twenty Melodic Exercises,

IN FORM OF

SOLFEGGIOS FOR SOPRANO OR MEZZO SOPRANO VOICES,

INTENDED AS

Studies to acquire the Art of Singing.

"These exercises were composed to be used simultaneously with his system, 'THE ART OF SINGING,' or with any other method for the cultivation of the voice, and will take the place of CONCONE'S SOLFEGGIOS; being more melodious and better adapted for teaching.

"Some of these exercises are specially beautiful as well as useful, a mingling of the *dulce et utile*, which secures the interest as well as the improvement of the student. The various styles developed in these exercises render them invaluable in an educational point of view, as they tend to enlarge the intelligence and the appreciation, and at the same time form the taste of the pupil. They must be studied carefully with reference to the innumerable marks of expression and forms of ornamentation. Upon the minute accuracy with which these are accomplished depends the actual sterling advancement of the pupil; any evasion or slurring in these respects is time and effort utterly wasted, while, on the other hand, a close and patient investigation, and a minutely faithful execution of them, will give unexpected power and facility, and open to the student the means and resources by which great artists produce their most brilliant and profound effects.—*Watson's Art Journal.*

IN TWO VOLUMES.

Price, each, in Boards. Retail	$2 00
do do in Cloth, Retail	2 50

A Sample Copy sent by Mail, post-paid, on receipt of Wholesale Price, $1.50.

Published by WM. HALL & SON,
No. 543 Broadway, New York.

Publishers and dealers in Music, and Manufacturers of FLUTES, FIFES, FLAGEOLETS, &c., &c., &c. Send for catalogue of prices.

July 3, 1867.—$12.

THE GREAT RADICAL NEWSPAPER, FORNEY'S PRESS.

NO COMPROMISE WITH TRAITORS!

GET THE BEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN THE COUNTRY.

THE PRESS,

[illegible] ing Forty-eight columns.

Published Every Morning, Southwest corner of SEVENTH and CHESTNUT streets, Philadelphia.

TERMS.

DAILY PRESS.
$8.00 PER ANNUM.
$4.00 FOR SIX MONTHS.
$2.00 FOR THREE MONTHS.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS.
$4.00 PER ANNUM.
$2.00 FOR SIX MONTHS.
$1.00 FOR THREE MONTHS.

THE SUNDAY PRESS.
$2.00 PER ANNUM.
$1.00 FOR SIX MONTHS.

THE WEEKLY PRESS,

THE MOST VALUABLE WEEKLY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

It contains items of interest to every one.

READ THE TERMS.

ONE COPY	$2 00 per annum.
FIVE COPIES	9 00 "
TEN COPIES	17 50 "
TWENTY COPIES	33 00 "

To the getter up of a Club of TEN or more Copies an extra copy will be given.

All orders should be addressed to

JOHN W. FORNEY,
Editor and Proprietor.
S. W. cor. SEVENTH and CHESTNUT sts.,
Philadelphia, Pa.
May 29.—4t°

GREAT CONOWAGO MILLS.

10,000 BUSHELS OF WHEAT WANTED.

The undersigned having remodeled and improved his mills near New Chester, (formerly called "Walnut Grove," but now "Great Conowago Mills") is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line with unusual dispatch.

Constantly on hand, for sale or exchange, the very best qualities of Super, Extra, and Family FLOUR, also Rye, Corn and Buckwheat Flour, with every variety of Chop and offal of wheat.

Having a SAW MILL attached, he is prepared to saw all kinds of lumber, at the shortest notice. A farmer in need of lumber and flour, can put a log upon his wagon, throw a few bushels of wheat on the top, have the wheat exchanged for flour, and the log sawed, thus saving a double trip—and all because of the new and perfect machinery now employed in these mills.

Having the best of workmen, he will be able to please every body. Thankful for past favors he hopes for a continuance of the same. H. J. MYERS.

New Chester, April 23d, 1867.—1y.

WOMAN'S WORK IN THE CIVIL WAR.

A work of real value, absorbing interest and universal popularity. The press and literary people everywhere commend and endorse it. It records the consecrated work of woman in organized and united effort, and the names of nearly 600 of our country's noblest women, with what they did for humanity and for the nation in its darkest hours. Beautiful steel portraits of a number of these ladies adorn the work and it is acknowledged to be one of the finest works ever published. Clergymen, Teachers, Experienced Agents, and Ladies will find it to their advantage to canvass for this work. Address,

ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO.,
501 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.
June 12, 1867.—2m

SILVER'S WASH POWDER.

SAVES Time, Labor, Money. Makes Washing a pastime, and Monday a festival. Sold everywhere. Try it. Address all orders to the Manufacturers,

ZIEGLER AND SMITH,
Chemists and Wholesale Druggists,
137 North Third Street, Philadelphia.
March 19, 1867.—3m

H. F. DEBRING & BRO., FRESCO PAINTERS, FREDERICK CITY, MD.,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they are prepared to FRESCO CHURCHES, HALLS, PRIVATE RESIDENCES, &c., in the most approved styles, modern or ancient. All work warranted to give satisfaction as to taste, durability and cheapness.

April 25, 1867.—6m

JOHN BOWMAN, No. 704 Arch Street, PHILADELPHIA,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

Our Goods are decidedly the cheapest in the City

TRIPLE PLATE, A No. 1.

Mar. 14, 1867.—1y

BROOMS! BROOMS!

The undersigned continues to manufacture Brooms at his old stand in Carlisle street adjoining Railroad Depot. He will have during the fall a full supply on hand, and will be able to furnish them WHOLESALE OR RETAIL. Brooms made to order or on the shares. Persons having Broom Corn would do well to give him a call.

Gettysburg, June 19.—3m S. R. TIPTON.

BROOM HANDLES FOR SALE,

Wholesale or Retail, at the Lumber Yard of

C. H. BUEHLER

IN the spring months, the system naturally undergoes a change, and Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Extract of Sarsaparilla is an assistant of the greatest value.

Marble Yards.

CANNON'S MARBLE WORKS

CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND EAST MIDDLE ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK EXECUTED IN THE FINEST STYLE OF THE ART.

May 29, 1867.—tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD.

MEALS & BRO.

In East York Street, Gettysburg, Pa. Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work in their line,

SUCH AS MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES MANTLES, &c., &c.

at the shortest notice, and as cheap as the cheapest.—☞ Give us a call. Produce taken in exchange for work.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

Bakery.

NEW BAKERY.

[illegible]

[illegible] South Washington street, half square [illegible]

Crackers,

Cakes,

Pretzels, &c.

[illegible]

Medical.

BARRETT'S, THE BEST VEGETABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE,

TO WHICH WAS AWARDED

A SILVER MEDAL!

The Highest Premium at the New Hampshire State Fair.

IS now conceded to be superior to all others for restoring Gray Hair to its

ORIGINAL COLOR.

This Preparation relieves the head of Dandruff, Humors, and all unpleasant Burning or Itching of the scalp, supplying to the roots of the hair the required nourishment for the promotion of its growth.

IT IS A BEAUTIFUL DRESSING,

leaving the scalp, cool, clean and healthy.

☞ EVERY BOTTLE WARRANTED. ☜

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors,
Manchester, N. H.

☞ Sold by Dr. R. Horner, Gettysburg, Pa., and by Druggists generally.

June 26, 1867.—6m

CLIMAX! CLIMAX!!

PAGE'S CLIMAX SALVE,

A FAMILY BLESSING FOR 25 CENTS

It heals without a scar. No family should be without it.

We warrant it to cure Scrofula, Sores, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Tetter, Pimples, and all Eruptions of the Skin. For Sore Breast or Nipples, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, &c., it makes a perfect cure.

It has been used over fifteen years, without one failure.

It has no parallel—having perfectly eradicated disease and healed after all other remedies had failed. It is a compound of Arnica with many other Extracts and Balsams, and put up in larger boxes than any other Ointment.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. White & Howland Proprietors, 121 Liberty Street, New York.

March 28, 1867.—1yeow

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS!! AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL MEDICINES IN THE WORLD.

Established in 1835 by one of our Most Eminent Physicians, and now used throughout North and South America, with more pleasing results than any other Medicine in cases of diseased Liver, Blood or Skin, Indigestion, Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, and Fever and Ague.

Thousands of certificates are in our possession, giving detailed accounts of perfect cures effected by these invaluable Medicines. They regulate the system and put all the functions of the body in a healthy condition.

Sold by all Druggists White & Howland, Proprietors Successors to Dr. John Moffat and Dr. W. B. Moffat, New York.

April 4, 1867.—1yeow

RING'S VEGETABLE AMBROSIA FOR GRAY HAIR.

RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS To RINGS
RINGS Restore RINGS
RINGS Gray Hair to its RINGS
RINGS Original Color, Erad- RINGS
RINGS icate Dandruff and RINGS
RINGS VEGETABLE AMBROSIA RINGS
RINGS IS WARRANTED. RINGS
RINGS Humors from the RINGS
RINGS Scalp and pre- RINGS
RINGS vent Baldness. RINGS
RINGS TRY A BOTTLE! RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS

This is the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Cure that lay
In the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Man who was bald and gray,
Who now has raven locks, they say
He used the Cure that lay
In the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Maiden, handsome and gay,
Who married the man once bald and gray,
Who now has raven locks, they say,
He used the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Parson, who, by the way,
Married the Maiden, handsome and gay,
To the Man once bald and gray,
But who now has raven locks, they say,
Because he used the Cure that lay
In the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Bell that rings away
To arouse the people, sad and gay,
Unto this fact which here does lay—
If you would not be bald or gray,
Use the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

E. M. TUBBS & CO., Proprietors, Peterboro' N. H.

BLOOD! BLOOD!! BLOOD!!!

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

MAIZE'S BLOOD PURIFYING AGENT.

An effectual remedy in curing: Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ulcers and Sores, Blotches, Pimples, Tumors, Boils, Pustules, General Debility, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Female Irregularities and Complaints, and, in general, all diseases having their origin in an impure condition of the Blood, or a disordered state of the nervous system.

This medicine, the result of skillful and scientific combination, is a purely vegetable preparation, free from all injurious ingredients.

As its name indicates it renovates the Blood, purges out the corruptions that breed in it, restoring its healthy action and vitality, and striking at the very seat of disease eradicates every trace of it from the sytem, and gives bloom to the pallid cheek, and health and vigor to the frame. Many diseases and much suffering are directly traceable to the impurity of the blood, and it is of the greatest importance for all that the blood which courses through every part of the system carry no poison or corruption with it. To suffer with hideous sores, pimples and eruptions and other diseases arising from impurity of the blood is no longer necessary, as the Blood Purifying Agent is sure and safe in its effects. Mothers having children suffering from eruptions of any kind will find it especially effective. The Proprietor has many testimonials from Clergymen and leading citizens of the county where the medicine is prepared certifying to the wonderful cures effected by it.

Prepared by Dr. H. D. MAIZE,
Ashland, Penna.

Depot Gilbert & Royal, Wholesale Druggists, Nos. 209 and 211 North Third st., Philadelphia.

☞ For sale by Dr. Robert Horner and A. D. Buehler, Druggists, Gettysburg, Pa.

June 19, 1867.—3m°

JULES JARED'S "EMAIL DE PARIS."

THE NEW BEAUTIFIER OF THE SKIN.

Testimonials from Celebrated Ladies:

The secret of beautifying the skin being known only to Messrs. Jared & Rene, they honorably state that it differs from all other preparations. It gives to the most harsh and freckled skin both the texture and color of polished ivory, removing all discolorations whether appearing as freckles, tan, morphew, moth, or blackworm specks, and is especially successful in smoothing out the marks left by Small Pox.

The agents of "L'Email de Paris" most confidently submit to the public the earnest endorsements of such distinguished ladies as

SIGNORA RISTORI, Mlle FELICITA VESTVALI, Miss MAGGIE MITCHELL, Mrs. D. P. BOWERS, LUCILLE WESTERN, Mad. PONISI, Mrs. EMMA WALLER, LUCY RUSHTON, NOEMIE DE MARGUERITTES, Miss AGNES PERRY,

and many others, whose high standing in the profession gives the stamp of truthfulness to their intelligent and genuine approval.

The Beautiful Lucille Western says:—

I find that the "Email" produces all the brilliancy of rouge and lily-white, with the great and peculiar advantage of total harmlessness. It really adds to the softness and beauty of the skin.

The Magnificent Vestvali says:—

I have suffered so much from the various white lotions, &c., which my theatrical profession obliges me to use, that I consider it a perfect benefaction to find a preparation which gives the necessary whiteness to the skin and leaves the skin soft and smooth.

Miss Maggie Mitchell says:—

I have tried the skin beautifier, "L'Email de Paris," and found that it instantly imparts a natural bloom and freshness to the complexion.

"Jared Email de Paris," is used as a delicate Beautifier of the skin for Theatre, Saloon or Ball Room, by the most refined and scrupulous ladies; producing all the beautifying effects of rouge and lilly white, without their vulgar glare or injury to the skin.

Sold by all first-class Druggists, Perfumers and Ladies' Hair Dressers.

L. Isabeau 832 Broadway; Demas Barnes & Co., and F. C. Wells & Co., New York, and Eugene Jobine, 113 South Tenth Street, and Johnston, Holloway & Cowden, Philadelphia, Agents. JARED & RENE,
General Agents and Importers, New York.
Jan. 24, 1867.—6m

FREE TO EVERYBODY.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer, 21, Troy, N. Y.

Feb. 28, 1867.—6m

NOT a few of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from corruption of the blood. [illegible]

Medical.

THE GREAT CHOLERA PREVENTATIVE.

I. X. 1866. L.

THE GREAT

Zingari Bitters.

THIS WONDERFUL REMEDY was discovered and introduced about twenty years ago by Dr. S. Cheopsus, an eminent Egyptian physician.

He had long seen and felt the want of some remedy which would strike at the root of disease, and so prevent much of the suffering which the human family was then compelled to endure.

This great question was presented to his mind every day in vivid colors as he moved among the sick and dying, and observed the inefficiency of nearly all the remedies then in use. Thus he was led to think and experiment, and after ten years' study and labor he presented to his fellow-man the wonderful Zingari Bitters. The effect of this preparation in the prevention and cure of disease, was so marvellous and astonishing, that the most flattering marks of royal favor were bestowed upon him who discovered it. His name was placed upon the Roll of Nobles, and a gold medal with the following inscription—Dr. S. Cheopsus, the Public Benefactor—was presented to him by the Viceroy.

The preparation has been used in several epidemics of cholera, both as a preventive and curative measure, and with such great success, that it has been introduced into nearly all the general hospitals of the old world.

The old saying that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, applies with marvellous force to cholera, and therefore any remedy that will protect us against this terrible disease should be freely and persistently used.

All pathologists now agree that the cholera poison acts on the system through the blood, and that any combination which acts on the excretory organs, and keeps them in working order, must prevent a sufficient accumulation of the poison to exert its terrible effects on the organism. This is true not only of cholera, but of nearly all other maladies, especially the different forms of fever.

The Zingari Bitters is just such a remedy as the above conditions require. It acts on the organs of excretion and secretion, keeping up a perfect balance between them. This Bitters is composed entirely of roots and herbs, so nicely concocted that every organ is acted upon and put in tone. Its taste is pleasant and its effects prompt and lasting.

Numerous cases of the following diseases have been cured by it: Cholera, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Scrofula, Typhoid and Typhus Fever, Fever, Ague, Nervous Debility, Amaenia, Female Irregularities, Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Colic, &c.

Price One Dollar per quart Bottle.

Principal Depot at the Walnut street wharf, Harrisburg, Pa.

Sold by Druggists, Hotelkeepers and Grocers generally.

☞ GEO. F. KALBFLEISH sole Agent for Gettysburg.

F. RAHTER, Sole Proprietor
May 29, 1867. Harrisburg, Pa

IMPORTANT TO INVALIDS!!

☞ ALL SUFFERERS ☜

From Pulmonary Diseases, Nervous Debility, Female Weaknesses, or Chronic Disorders of any nature, and all Whose Vital Forces are depressed, rendering necessary

A Nervous Tonic and Invigorator,

Are earnestly recommended to use

WINCHESTER'S GENUINE HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA,

THE SPECIFIC REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION!

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Scrofula, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Paralysis, Loss of Appetite, Chlorosis, Marasmus, Wasting, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Rickets, Debility of Nursing and Pregnancy, and all

DISORDERS OF THE LUNGS

NERVOUS AND BLOOD SYSTEMS.

☞ This Remedy has been tested *for ten years*, with "RESULTS UNPARALLELED IN THE ANNALS OF MEDICINE." Its action is TWO-FOLD and SPECIFIC: on the one hand, INCREASING THE PRINCIPLE that constitutes NERVOUS ENERGY; and on the other, are the MOST POWERFUL BLOOD GENERATING AGENTS KNOWN. By a timely use of it in the incipient stages of Consumption, "Cure is the Rule, and Death the Exception." TRY IT.—☞

☞ PRICES: In 7 and 16-oz Bottles, $1 and $2 each. Three large, or six small Bottles for $5, by express.

☞ Circulars and Advice Free. ☜

Sold by all respectable Druggists, and Wholesale at the Sole Depot in the United States, by the Manufacturers, J. WINCHESTER & CO., 36 John st., N. Y., to whom all orders should be addressed.

March 14, 1867.—1y

TO LADIES.—If you require a reliable remedy to restore you, and remove Irregularities or Obstructions, why not use the best?

Thirty years experience has proved that

DR. HARVEY'S FEMALE PILLS.

have no equal for Removing Obstructions and Irregularities. No matter from what cause they arise. They are safe and sure in every case. *Price. One Dollar, per box.*

DR. HARVEY'S GOLDEN PILLS,

Is a remedy four degrees stronger than the above, and intended for special cases of long standing.

Price, Five Dollars per box.

A Ladies' Private Circular, with Engravings, sent free on application.

If you cannot get the Pills of your druggist, send the money to Dr. J. Bryan, 819 Broadway, New York, and they will be sent free from observation by return of mail. [Jan. 10, 1867.—1y

For sale in Emmittsburg, Md., by A. T. Stein & Co.

NO MORE BALD HEADS!

NO MORE GRAY LOCKS!

DR LEON'S ELECTRIC HAIR RENEWER.

IS pronounced by all who have used it the very best preparation for the Hair. It is a positive cure for Baldness, eradicates Dandruff and Humors, stops the hair from falling out, and speedily restores Gray Locks to their original hue and luxuriance.

It operates on the secretions, and fills the glands with new life and coloring matter. Thin, dead, faded or gray hair will always be brought back by a few applications, to its youthful abundance, vitality and color.

It makes the hair soft, glossy, fragrant, pleasant to the touch and easy to arrange. Dry, wiry, and intractable locks become moist, pliant, and disposed to remain in any desired position. As a hair dressing it has no equal. The sales are enormous, and it is a universal favorite with old and young of both sexes.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States. Address all orders to ZIEGLER & SMITH,
Sole Proprietors, 137 North Third Street, Philadelphia.
Dec. 19, 1867.—1y

GOOD NEWS FOR MOTHERS!

MOTHERS, are you oppressed with anxiety for your little ones? Are your slumbers and hearts broken by their cries? Do you wake in the morning unrefreshed and apprehensive? If so, procure at once a bottle of Dr. Leon's Infant Remedy, and you will have no more weary hours of watching and anxiety

DR. LEON'S INFANT REMEDY

has stood the test of years. Thousands of nurses and Mothers bear witness that it never fails to give relief if used in season. It is a mild, yet sure and speedy cure for Colic Cramps and Windy Pains, and is invaluable for all complaints incident to Teething.

Sold by Druggists throughout the U. States. Address all orders to ZIEGLER & SMITH,
Sole Proprietors, 137 North Third Street, Philadelphia.
March 19, 1867.—3m.

YOUNG MEN, the experience of past ten years has demonstrated the fact that reliance may be placed in the efficacy of

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS,

for the speedy and permanent cure of Seminal weakness, Emissions, Physical and Nervous debility, Impotence, or want of power, the result of Sexual Excess, or Youthful Indiscretion, which neglected, ruins the happiness, and unfits the sufferer for Business, Social Society or Marriage, and often terminates in an untimely grave. Make no delay in seeking the remedy. It is entirely vegetable and harmless on the system, can be used without detection or interference with business pursuits, and no change of diet is necessary while using them. *Price, One Dollar.*

If you cannot get them of your druggist, send the money to Dr. J. Bryan, 819 Broadway, New York, and they will be sent free from observation by return of mail.

Private Circulars to Gentlemen sent free on application.

For sale in Emmittsburg, Md., by A. T. Stein & Co,
Jan. 10, 1867.—1y

THE GOLDEN TABLET

AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR

Itch, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, and all Cutaneous Eruptions; Old Sores, Ulcers, Sore Lips, Sore Eyes, Sore Nipples, Chafing, Pimples, Burns, Scalds, Ulcerated Throat, Piles, Catarrh, Poison of the Ivy, Oak, Sumach, &c. Also for

LEUCORRHEA, AND ALL FEMALE WEAKNESSES.

This is one of the most *extraordinary Remedies* ever discovered, producing *wonderful results* in all cases where it can be used externally or internally, as a lotion, injection, or gargle. In Leucorrhea it *acts like magic*, curing the worst cases in a few days. ☞ Its many preventive and curative uses render it *indispensable to every adult person of both sexes*, for which see the Circular, *sent free to all.*

Price $1 a box; six boxes for $5, by mail. Sold by the Proprietors, J. WINCHESTER & CO., No. 36 John St., N. Y., to whom all orders should be addressed.

March 14, 1867.—1y

YOUNT'S COMPOUND!

FOR THE CURE OF

PUTRID SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA,

croup, or other inflammatory or inward diseases of the Throat if not of too long standing. Also, SCARLET FEVER.—This medicine has been tried in

THOUSANDS OF CASES,

in different parts of the country, and has never been known to fail if taken in time and according to directions. It is warranted to cure. Give it a trial and it will speak for itself. Every household should provide themselves with a box of this medicine and keep it on hands. The cures that it has effected are truly marvelous.

☞ Prepared and sold by Israel Yount & Co., Gettysburg, Pa., or by their authorized agents. For sale at most of the Stores in Adams county.

May 29, 1867.—tf ISRAEL YOUNT & CO.

LOVE AND MATRIMONY.—The affections of the opposite sex may be gained by following simple rules and all may marry happily, irrespective of age, wealth, or beauty. Send directed envelope and stamp for particulars to

Madame LUCILLE DEMARRE, Birch Block, New York.
Jan. 10, 1867.—1y

HELMBOLD'S Extract Sarsaparilla cleanses and renovates the blood, instills the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors that make disease.

Medical.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Eradicates Eruptive and Ulcerative Diseases of the Throat, Nose, Eyes, Eyelids, Scalp, and Skin,

Which so disfigure the appearance, Purging the evil effects of Mercury, and removing all taints, the remnants of Diseases, hereditary or otherwise, and is taken by Adults and Children with perfect Safety.

Two Tablespoonfuls of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoctions as usually made.

An Interesting Letter is published in the Medico-Chirurgical Review, on the subject of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, in certain affections by Benjamin Travers, F. R. S., etc. Speaking of those diseases, and diseases arising from the excess of mercury, he states that no remedy is equal to the Extract of Sarsaparilla; its power is extraordinary, more so than any other drug I am acquainted with. It is, in the strictest sense, a tonic with this invaluable attribute, that it is applicable to a state of the system so sunken, and yet so irritable as renders other substances of the tonic class unavailable or injurious.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Established upwards of 18 years. Prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD,
Druggist and Chemist 594 Broadway, N. Y.
☞ Sold by all Druggists. Apr. 30.—1y

WINCHESTER'S SPECIFIC PILL FOR THE CURE OF SEXUAL DEBILITY

Attended by INVOLUNTARY nightly or daily losses, *however originally caused*, or *however aggravated* in character; promptly correcting those *morbid conditions* which are the consequences of self-abuse. ☞ The SPECIFIC PILL contains no Mercury, Iron, Cantharides, or any injurious ingredient. Used in conjunction with the *Hypophosphites*, it will restore the *Virile Powers* in all cases of *Impotence* or *Incapacity*.

☞ A NEW TREATISE. ☜

giving the most prominent *causes* and *symptoms* of SEXUAL DEBILITY, will be mailed free to all sufferers of either sex.

Price $1 per box; six boxes for $5, by mail. Sold by Druggists, and wholesale by the Proprietors, J. WINCHESTER & CO., to whom orders should be addressed

ASTROLOGY.

THE WORLD ASTONISHED

AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS

MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST,

MADAME H. A. PERRIGO.

She reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the malefic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, enclosing a small lock of hair.

Address, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO,
Feb. 28, 1867.—1y P. O. Drawer 293, Buffalo, N. Y

AFFLICTED! SUFFER NO MORE!

When by the use of DR. JOINVILLE'S ELIXIR you can be cured permanently, and at a trifling cost.

The astonishing success which has attended this invaluable medicine for Physical and Nervous Weakness, General Debility and Prostration, Loss of Muscular Energy, Impotency, or any of the consequences of youthful indiscretion, renders it the most valuable preparation ever discovered.

It will remove all nervous affections, depression, excitement, incapacity to study or business, loss of memory, confusion, thoughts of self-destruction, fears of insanity, &c. It will restore the appetite, renew the health of those who have destroyed it by sensual excess or evil practices.

Young Men, be humbugged no more by "Quack Doctors" and ignorant practitioners, but send without delay for the Elixir, and be at once restored to health and happiness. A Perfect Cure is Guaranteed in every instance. Price, $1, or four bottles to one address, $3.

One bottle is sufficient to effect a cure in all ordinary cases.

ALSO, DR. JOINVILLE'S SPECIFIC PILLS, for the speedy and permanent cure of Gonorrhea, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, Gravel, Stricture, and all affections of the Kidneys and Bladder. Cures effected in from one to five days. They are prepared from vegetable extracts that are harmless on the system, and never nauseate the stomach or impregnate the breath. No change of diet is necessary while using them, nor does their action in any manner interfere with business pursuits. Price, $1, per box.

Either of the above-mentioned articles will be sent to any address, closely sealed, and post-paid, by mail or express, on receipt of price. Address all orders to

BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists,
Feb. 28, 1867.—1y No. 285 River Street Troy, N. Y.

REPARATOR CAPILLI.

Throw away your false frizzes, your switches, your wig—
Destructive of comfort, and not worth a fig.
Come aged, come youthful, come ugly and fair.
And rejoice in your own luxuriant hair.

REPARATOR CAPILLI

For restoring hair upon bald heads (from whatever cause it may have fallen out) and forcing a growth of hair upon the face, it has no equal. It will force the beard to grow upon the smoothest face in from five to eight weeks, or hair upon bald heads in from two to three months. A few ignorant practitioners have asserted that there is nothing that will force or hasten the growth of the hair or beard. Their assertions are false, as thousands of living witnesses (from their own experience) can bear witness. But many will say, how are we to distinguish the genuine from the spurious? It certainly is difficult, as nine-tenths of the different Preparations advised for the hair and beard are entirely worthless, and you may have already thrown away large amounts in their purchase. To such we would say, try the Reparator Capilli; it will cost you nothing unless it fully comes up to our representations. If your Druggist does not keep it, send us one dollar and we will forward it, postpaid, together with a receipt for the money, which will be returned you on application, providing entire satisfaction is not given. Address,

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y.
Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes, and radiant hair,
Whose curling tendrils soft, entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.

CRISPER COMA,

For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and postpaid for $1.

Address all orders to

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y.
Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

EXCELSIOR! EXCELSIOR!!

CHASTELLAR'S

HAIR EXTERMINATOR!!

For Removing Superfluous Hair.

To the ladies especially, this invaluable depilatory recommends itself as being an almost indispensible article to female beauty, is easily applied, does not burn or injure the skin, but acts directly on the roots. It is warranted to remove superfluous hair from low foreheads, or from any part of the body, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same, leaving the skin soft, smooth and natural. This is the only article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depilitory in existence. Price 75 cents per package, sent post-paid, to any address, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists,
Feb. 28, 1867.—6m. 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

WHISKERS AND MUSTACHES!

FORCED to grow upon the smoothest face in from three to five weeks by using Dr. SEVIGNE'S RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE, the most wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the Beard and Hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most flattering success.—Names of all purchasers will be registered, and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y., Sole agents for the United States. [Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

BEAUTY!

Auburn, Golden, Flaxen & Silken Curls,

PRODUCED by the use of Prof. DEBREUX' FRISER LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex into wavy ringlets, or heavy massive curls. Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London, with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed and post-paid, $1. Descriptive Circulars mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y., Sole agents for the United States. [Feb. 28, 1867.—1y.

DR. J. BRYAN, Consulting Physician,

819 Broadway, New York.

SPECIAL TREATMENT in all cases of Seminal, Sexual, Urinary and Nervous Diseases in male or female. Advice Free and correspondence STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

Jan. 10, 1867.—1y

AVOID THE QUACKS.—If you are suffering from the effects of Youthful Indiscretion and have Seminal Weakness, Emissions, &c., I will send you, *free of charge*, information which if followed will cure you without the aid of medicines. Address

HENRY AMSDEN, Station D. New York.
Jan. 10, 1867.—1y

A Clear Smooth Skin and Beautiful Complexion follows the use of Helmbold's Concentrated Extract Sarsaparilla.

It removes black Spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin.

YOUNG LADIES BEWARE!—Of the injurious effects of Face Powders and Washes. All such remedies close up the pores of the skin, and in a short time destroy the complexion. If you would have a fresh, healthy and youthful appearance, use Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla.

THOSE who desire brilliancy of complexion must purify and enrich the blood, which Helmbold's Concentrated Extract of Sarsaparilla invariably does. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other.

Medical.

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all,
To young and to old, to great and to small,
The beauty which once was so precious and rare,
Is free for all, and all may be fair.

By the use of

CHASTELLAR'S WHITE LIQUID ENAMEL,

For Improving and Beautifying the Complexion.

The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moth Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use can not be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 30,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists.
Feb. 28, 1867.—1y 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y.

HELMBOLD'S Concentrated Extract Sarsaparilla, is the Great Blood Purifier.

QUANTITY vs. Quality. Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla. The dose is small. Those who desire a large quantity and large doses of medicine ERR.

Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

LUMBER! LUMBER!

NEW LUMBER YARD IN EMMITSBURG, MD.

WE would respectfully inform the public that we have established a LARGE LUMBER YARD in Emmittsburg, Md.

LUMBER, SCANTLING, PICKETS AND LATHS FLOORING BOARDS, WINDOWS, DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS,

and every description of Building Lumber furnished at the lowest cash prices, by

June 21, 1866.—tf WILLIAM ULRICH.
Agent for Potter & Co.

NEW LUMBER YARD.

THE undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, Near Guinn & Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg, and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices afford only the smallest living profit. He has WHITE PINE PLANK, inch and half BOARDS, FLOORING, PALINGS, &c., &c., and is constantly adding to his stock. Come and examine for yourselves.

☞ A supply of Shingles, at low prices, always on hand.

Nov. 1, 1866.—tf. JACOB SHEADS.

SHINGLES.—Prime Shingles, the best in the market, for sale at JACOB SHEADS'S new Lumber Yard, on the Railroad, adjoining the Lime Kilns, Gettysburg. [Nov. 1866.—tf

Lime & Coal.

GUINN & REILLY have erected two additional Lime Kilns, on the Railroad, and are therefore better prepared than ever to supply the best of LIME, in large or small quantities. Farmers and others can hereafter look for a more prompt filling of their orders, and are invited to extend and continue their favors to a firm which is making every effort to accommodate them in the best manner possible.

They will also continue to keep on hand, for sale, a good supply of the different kinds of COAL, which they will sell at small profits.

Coal and Lime delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

June 21, 1866.—tf

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

Carpenter's Tools
Blacksmith's Tools.
Coach Findings,
Shoe Findings.
Cabinet Maker's Tools.
Housekeeper's Fixtures.
All kinds of Iron, &c.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,

Oils, Paints, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above, but what can be had at this Store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any other house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.
May 29, 1867.

HATCHETS.

The best and cheapest for the consumer are those manufactured by

JENKINS & TONGUE,

PHILADELPHIA.

Shingling, Lathing, Claw and Broad, made of the best cast-steel and warranted as good or better than any others made in the United States, and sold at much lower prices than other really first-class hatchets. They are tempered by one of the firm, S. J. Tongue, who possesses a peculiar faculty that might be called

STEEL ON THE BRAIN.

which has given his tools a great celebrity in these parts

TRY THEM.

Nos. 33 and 35 Richmond street; the red cars up Third street cross Richmond, near the works.

May 29, 1867.—$3

Lines of Travel.

GETTYSBURG RAIL ROAD.

CHANGE OF CONNECTIONS.

On and after Monday, November 20th, 1865, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Gettysburg, and make connections as follows:

FIRST TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 7 45, A. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia Baltimore, and the North and West, arriving at Hanover Junction without change of cars, at 10 25, A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South, on the Northern Central Railway, and arriving at Baltimore at 12 30, noon. Also, connecting with Mail train from Baltimore north, arriving in Harrisburg at 1 20, P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg 1 10, P. M., with passengers from Harrisburg, York, Baltimore, and Washington.

SECOND TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 1 20, P. M., arriving at Hanover Junction at 3 15, and connecting with Mail train South. Arrive in Baltimore at 5 30. P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg at 6 15, P. M., with passengers from Philadelphia, Harrisburg, and the North and West, and also with passengers from Baltimore and Washington by the Fast Line North, which leaves Baltimore at 12 10, noon.

Passengers can leave Baltimore in the Mail train, at 9 A. M., and arrive in Gettysburg at 1 10, P. M. Or leave Baltimore in the Fast Line at 12 10, noon, and arrive in Gettysburg at 6 15, P. M. But one change of cars by the first train, either way, viz: at Hanover Junction. The fast line on the Northern Central will not stop at any local stations, except York, Hanover Junction, and Parkton. Connections certain.

May 29. R. McCURDY, Pres't.

HANOVER BRANCH RAILROAD,

TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, May 6th, 1867, passenger trains on the Hanover Branch Railroad will leave as follows:

FIRST TRAIN

(which makes connection with the trains on the Northern Central railway at the Junction,) will leave Hanover at 9.00 A. M., for York, Baltimore, Harrisburg, and intermediate stations. This train arrives at the Junction at 9.55 A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South, on the Northern Central Railway, which arrives at Baltimore at 12 30 P. M., and also with the Mail Train North, which arrives at Harrisburg at 12.55 P. M.

☞ This train returns to Hanover at 12 M. and arrives at Gettysburg at 1 P. M.

SECOND TRAIN.

Leaves Hanover at 2.20 P. M. and arrives at the Junction at 3.10 P. M., connecting with the Mail Train South, which arrives at Baltimore at 6 P. M. Passengers by this Train for York lay over at the Junction until 6.12 P. M.

☞ This Train returns to Hanover at 4 P. M., with passengers for Hanover, Gettysburg and Littlestown.

Passengers leaving Baltimore for Hanover, Gettysburg and Littlestown, will take either the Mail Train at 8.30 A. M., or the Fast Line at 12.10 P. M.

May 29, 1867. JOSEPH LEIB, Agent.

READING RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

April 8th, 1867.

Great trunk line from the North and Northwest for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3.00, 8.10 and 9.35 A. M., and 2.10 and 9.00 P. M., connecting with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Rail Road, and arriving at New York at 5.00 and 10.10 A. M., and 4.40, 5.20 and 10.35 P. M. Sleeping Cars accompanying the 3.00 A. M. and 9.00 P. M. Trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia, at 8.10 A. M. and 2.10 and 4.10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal Way Stations; the 4.10 P. M. making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road, leave Harrisburg at 3.20 P. M.

Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 A. M., 12.00 Noon and 5.00 and 8.00 P. M.; Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M. and 3.30 P. M. Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 A. M., returning from Reading at 6.30 P. M., stopping at all Stations; Pottsville at 8.45 A. M. and 2.45 P. M.; Ashland 6.00 and 11.30 A. M. and 1.05 P. M.; Tamaqua at 9.45 A. M., and 1.00 and 8.55 P. M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road at 7.00 A. M.

Reading Accommodation Train: Leaves Reading at 7.30 A. M. returning from Philadelphia at 5.00 P. M.

Pottstown Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown at 6.30 A. M., returning leaves Philadelphia at 4.30 P. M.

Columbia Rail Road Trains leave Reading at 7.00 A. M., and 6.15 P. M. for Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays: Leave New York at 8.00 P. M., Philadelphia 8.00 A. M. and 3.15 P. M., the 8.00 A. M. Train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8.00 A. M.; Harrisburg 9.35 A. M., and Reading at 1.30 and 7.30 A. M. for Harrisburg, and 11.22 A. M. for New York and 4.25 P. M. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets, to and from all points, at reduced Rates.

Baggage checked through; 80 pounds allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.
Reading, Pa., May 20, 1867.